

But Suspects U.K. Trying to Prevent It

Smith Says He Is Willing to Meet Ford

By John Darnton

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, May 21 (UPI)—Prime Minister Ian Smith said yesterday he was ready to meet with President Ford to discuss the Rhodesian crisis. He said that if Mr. Ford was no longer anxious for a meeting, it was because of pressure from Britain.

"If the American President has now changed his mind or somebody underneath him has changed his mind, I can only assume that this is due to pressure from

the British government," Mr. Smith said. "They're under some kind of an illusion that they and they alone are the ones who have the right to talk to the Rhodesian government."

Shortly before the presidential primary in Michigan this week, President Ford appeared to hold out the possibility of direct talks with Mr. Smith. The idea was subsequently squelched by a spokesman who noted that the United States does not recognize the Smith regime.

In Washington, President Ford hinted broadly yesterday that he might be willing to meet soon with South African Prime Minister John Vorster to discuss the Rhodesian situation. The Washington Post reported.

(Speaking to a group of reporters, Mr. Ford seemed at the same time to rule out a meeting with Mr. Smith.

"At the appropriate time," Mr. Ford said, "I would meet with the proper authorities in South Africa. The situation in Rhodesia is a little different. But South Africa, we can discuss."

Cuba Asserts It Won't Send Units to Aid Rhodesia Blacks

(Continued from Page 1)

Angola. U.S. sources said yesterday that they see no "hard evidence" that depicts some of the estimated 12,000 to 15,000 Cuban troops in Angola representing "anything more than troop rotation."

Many U.S. experts believe Angola will be dependent on Cuban troops for security for some time to come.

Mr. Rodriguez, who arrived in Japan Monday, responded to questions from the Japan Press Club. Reuters reported that Mr. Rodriguez said his government has the greatest sympathy with black Africans opposing the white minority regime of Rhodesia. Prime Minister Ian Smith.

But the situation in Rhodesia,

he said, differs considerably from Angola. He said Cuba sent its troops at the request of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola, which he said was then the legitimate government of Angola.

In Rhodesia, he said, the liberation campaign is being waged "by guerrillas and the African National Congress, not by the government."

"I don't think it is right," he said, "to achieve a revolution with the aid of foreign troops. A revolution should be carried out under a country's own power."

Mr. Rodriguez added: "We have 300 Cubans in Vietnam; 10 in Laos; 100 in Tanzania and some others in countries like Algeria, Yemen, Somalia, and the Congo (Brazzaville), but they are all physicians, nurses and technicians."

U.S. specialists said the actual number of Cubans is somewhat higher, especially in the case of Tanzania.

FBI Accused In Cover-Up

(Continued from Page 1)

documents were not discovered earlier. The Senate committee requested any such records more than a year ago.

Justice Department spokesman Robert Havel said yesterday that a letter is being prepared explaining why the records were not turned over. Mr. Havel said he did not know the exact reasons himself but added: "I understand it was just an oversight. They were in several boxes."

Am Lash was the CIA's code name for a senior Cuban official and Castro intimate named Rolando Cubela whom the spy agency recruited in 1961 as an important "asset" inside Cuba. Eventually, in the fall of 1963—early September by one account—"Am Lash expressed a desire to plan Castro's execution."

President Kennedy was killed in Dallas Nov. 22, 1963. That same day, the Senate committee has reported, two CIA officials met with Am Lash in Paris and offered him a poison bait-point pen rigged with a hypodermic needle for use against the Cuban Premier.

When first disclosed in The Washington Post last year, the negotiations with Am Lash seemed to offer a striking illustration of evidence the CIA withheld from the Warren Commission in its inquiry into the president's murder. Now it appears that the FBI, which did the primary investigative work for the commission, suppressed the same evidence.

Senate investigators came upon cross-references to the additional FBI assassination files several weeks ago while checking other records.

Panama Colonel Denies Presence Of Cuban Troops

(Continued from Page 1)

PANAMA CITY, May 21 (AP).—Panama's chief of intelligence denies U.S. reports that there are 3,000 Cuban soldiers in Panama.

The existence of 3,000 Cuban soldiers on the sovereign territory of the Republic of Panama is totally false," said the intelligence chief, Lt. Col. Manuel Antonio Noriega.

Col. Noriega's denial came after Rep. Philip Crane, R-Ill., proposed a resolution of inquiry into the alleged presence of Cuban or other foreign military advisers in Panama.

"It must be a source of concern for the world's greatest power, with its 12 security agencies operating with their respective omnipresent supports, not to have been able to detect or report, at professional levels of military intelligence, essential elements and details that could enable authorities to form exact judgment on the nonexistence of foreign soldiers in this case," Col. Noriega said.

He said U.S. intelligence units in the Canal Zone included the Federal Bureau of Investigation and U.S. Embassy intelligence sections, which presumably include the Central Intelligence Agency.

West Bank Quiet, Israelis Rescind Curfew in Nablus

(Continued from Page 1)

TEL AVIV, May 21 (UPI).—The West Bank of the Jordan was quiet today for the first day in a week. Authorities lifted the week-long curfew on Nablus, largest town in the region, and also in Ramallah and Al Bira. They also removed 12-foot-high iron gates used to control rioters in the Casbah of Nablus.

Yesterday, during scattered violence, Arab youths stoned an Israeli bus on the West Bank. The semi-official national radio said the driver of the bus pulled out a pistol and fired several warning shots, dispersing the demonstrators. There were no injuries reported.

A rab demonstration threw stones at security forces in Jericho and Tulkarm in what a West Bank military spokesman called "minor" incidents.

10,000 Homeless After Earthquake, Moscow Reveals

(Continued from Page 1)

MOSCOW, May 21 (AP).—Monday's earthquake in Central Asia left more than 10,000 persons homeless, caused casualties and destroyed many homes and businesses, the Soviet news agency Tass said yesterday in the fullest report yet on quake damage. It gave no details of any deaths or injuries.

The shock was followed by "terrible rainstorms," which caused mud and rock slides that "inflicted material damage and caused casualties" in three Central Asian republics, Tass said.

For the first time, it reported that the damage had spread from the Uzbek Republic to the neighboring Tadzhik and Turkmen Republics.

Teams of builders, machinery, food and medicine continued to enter the earthquake zone, where army troops were helping with the relief work, Tass said.

Italy Refugees May Return

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Remains of a school building in the Uzbek Republic following Soviet quake.

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But Major Problems Unresolved

Kissinger Reassures NATO on U.S. Policy

(Continued from Page 1)

Italian situation appeared to be a reference by the foreign ministers in the final communiqué to the "commitment of their countries to the principles of democracy... which inspire the alliance and on which their political institutions and way of life are founded."

Strong Fraise

Mr. Kissinger's personal performance has seemed to win unusually strong praise from virtually all the ministers.

U.S. officials claim that Mr. Kissinger is genuinely concerned over what he views as the blighting of U.S. and allied military strength and ability to act in recent years combined with fears that Soviet influence will move into areas of Western weakness.

Yesterday, Mr. Kissinger told foreign ministers that in his judgment the basic elements of U.S. foreign policy—especially the U.S. role as a counter to Soviet power—would remain intact no matter who was in the White House.

To back his assessment, Mr. Kissinger used some stern but vague language to portray Soviet ideology as a continuing threat to basic U.S. institutions and values.

The secretary's speech, according to both foreign and U.S. officials, was well received by the other NATO allies.

Basic Element

Mr. Kissinger, according to the account provided to newsmen by U.S. delegation officials, told his colleagues that several factors influenced Soviet policy, but that ideology was a basic element and that it represented a basic assault on U.S. values and institutions.

He said the United States would oppose this assault and would not permit the Soviet Union to impose its ideology on Western policies. The United States, he said, did not accept that ideological aggression could exist side by side with coexistence.

U.S. delegation officials declined to characterize the speech as sharp or harsh. They described it as a balanced presentation. The intent, they said, was not to be tougher, but that since Soviet and Cuban-backed forces triumphed in Angola, the administration has stressed the need to balance Soviet expansionism and there has been greater awareness, they said, of the Soviet Union acting aggressively.

Nevertheless, the account dwelled heavily on concern about Soviet actions.

Industrial Growth

Mr. Kissinger told the ministers that, in part, the growth of Soviet military power was a natural consequence to its industrial growth and emergence as a superpower. There was not much the West could do except to try to balance the situation. But it was the way Soviet power was used that could be influenced by the West, and NATO policies had to be directed at inhibiting Soviet expansionist tendencies, officials said.

The United States should respond if the Russians are prepared for accommodation, Mr. Kissinger said, but must prevent Soviet expansionism.

Today, the secretary sought to reassure Europeans about U.S.

resolve and appeared to succeed.

Mr. Kissinger said at a news conference that he believed Europeans understood that every four years Americans are seized by a fever that leads to excited statements during presidential election campaigns. But Europeans also understood, he claimed, "the constancy of 30 years of postwar American policy, the main lines of which enjoy wide support among the American public and which will remain true."

Extremes Statements

Privately, Mr. Kissinger is reported to be worried that extreme campaign statements might cause concern among European leaders that the United States was actually putting an end to a policy of détente with the Communists.

Mr. Kissinger emphasized today that it was not President Ford's campaign statements he was talking about. When he is asked "about some of the more extreme statements that may be made by some candidates, my reply applies to statements by other candidates and never by our own administration."

This suggested that it is statements of Republican challenger Ronald Reagan that Mr. Kissinger is worried about. Yet, both the secretary and Vice President Rockefeller have made tough anti-Soviet statements in recent days that go well beyond the pre-Angola language of détente.

The European ministers here, however, appeared to be more interested at the moment in Mr. Kissinger's firm expression of strength than in any fears that the cold war may be returning.

At the same time, however, the foreign ministers let it be known that they all do not endorse President Ford's dropping of the term détente by including it in their final communiqué.

"A durable détente," the communiqué said, was only possible if both sides exercise restraint. At another point, it said that Western policy toward the East must strive for "a relaxation of tensions."

African Affairs

The ministers here also spent much time on affairs in Africa, which lies outside NATO's geographical charter but which is of considerable concern now.

Mr. Kissinger reiterated the NATO view that the organization does not take a position on African affairs. But he noted that several countries have interests in Africa and may want to coordinate their efforts independent of NATO.

Mr. Kissinger said he supported a French plan for seeking new ways to extend financial, agricultural and technological aid to Africa.

Mr. Kissinger also signaled support for bringing Spain into "Western institutions" such as NATO and the Common Market as rapidly as possible.

Repeated questioning of Mr.

Troop-Cut Meetings

RESUMED IN VIENNA

VIENNA, May 21 (AP).—Negotiations from 19 countries of NATO and the Warsaw Pact resumed their talks this week on reducing troops and armaments in Central Europe.

Opening statements indicated that no early agreement was in sight. Both sides, however, stressed their willingness to continue to work for results on their 2 1/2-year-old discussions.

Kissinger on the internal affairs of Spain, Italy and other countries, however, prompted him to joke that "I am afraid that I can be a campaign issue in only one country at a time" and that he had to give preference to his own country.

Mr. Kissinger also sharply rejected criticism that his African trip had been ill-timed, had hurt the Ford campaign in the Texas primary and had involved some of his own rather than President Ford's initiatives.

Mr. Kissinger emphasized that all points were discussed in detail with Mr. Ford before Mr. Kissinger's trip and that the President directed certain additional lines to be taken.

"That doesn't mean that there may not be someone mumbling in the corridors of the White House, but I'm talking about the President and all those who deal with foreign policy, and there has been complete unanimity. There is no independent foreign policy being conducted. It is ordered by the President," he said.

In his final communiqué, NATO once again warned that the Warsaw Pact's military forces were growing beyond levels needed for defense and added that "should this trend continue it could lead to an arms race of dangerous dimensions."

Giscard Finds

Texas 'Policy'

(Continued from Page 1)

National Development Division of the Texas Industrial Commission. Texas exported \$8.4 billion in goods last year.

"We rank sixth among the states [in exports] but we can be No. 1 if we work a little harder," he said. His office not only receives visiting foreigners, but also rounds up Texas businessmen and sends them abroad to scout for business contracts. What do foreigners think?

"They tell us we're the friendliest and the most ready to do business," he said. "And that Texas smile and handshake mean the world to them."

Giant Bazaar

Houston is a giant bazaar for energy equipment and expertise for refinery and petrochemical processing technology, for offshore oil-exploration tools, and, increasingly, for agricultural equipment.

The Arab-American Chamber of Commerce eschewed New York and set up headquarters here, and sends them abroad to scout for business contracts. What do foreigners think?

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Major Setback for Pentagon

Senate Delays B-1 Production Until After '77 Inauguration

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, May 21 (WP).—The Senate voted 44 to 37 yesterday to block production of the controversial B-1 bomber until the next president is inaugurated in January, 1977, and determines whether production of the new plane is in the national interest.

Africa Policy Of Ford Runs Into Trouble

By Bernard Gwertzman

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).—The Ford administration's new African policy was sharply criticized on the Senate floor yesterday by James Allen, Ala., a leading conservative who threatened a filibuster to block the pending foreign aid bill.

The delay in the Senate was caused by a procedural snag—given approval to the \$65 million in aid for the B-1 bomber.

Sen. Allen raised the possibility of a filibuster when he said that strongly opposed the funds to

countries opposed to the white minority regime in Rhodesia. Specifically, he said, the aid would be used to help the Rhodesian government to build a new airport.

Sen. Dick Clark, D-Iowa, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, had proposed a \$65-million package to help the full committee last week.

Sen. Allen means that when a foreign aid bill is brought up, a new African policy will be

the results of that discussion may also foretell the mood on Capitol Hill regarding a still more contentious issue—repeal of an amendment allowing imports of some and nickel from Rhodesia despite sanctions.

Panel Adopts Plans for Return of Palestinians

UNITED NATIONS, May 21 (UPI).—A United Nations committee has adopted a set of recommendations stressing the Palestinians' "right to return" to their homeland.

The text provided for a two-stage process to implement that goal. In the first phase, to start immediately, all Palestinians who are displaced during and following the war of 1967 should be enabled to return, the committee recommended.

The recommendations called for a second phase during which Palestinians displaced between 1948 and 1967 should be aided to return to their homes.

However, Israel has said that it would in no way cooperate with the committee, which it described as a mechanism controlled by Arab extremists and aimed at increasing tensions in the Middle East.

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sponsored yesterday's vote, said that a start of production was being rushed through in the heat of a political campaign and that it would be much better to defer a decision until the next president has time to study the matter and determine whether the plane is technically good enough to justify the enormous costs.

Sen. Culver's amendment specifies that production funds in the bill may not be used before Feb. 1, 1977, and after that, only if the president reviews all data and determines that it is in the national interest.

The vote on the Culver amendment was not necessarily the last word on the question. The House voted in April, 1976, to go ahead with production and the two chambers will now have to decide in a conference which provision will prevail.

A Pentagon spokesman said after the vote that the Defense Department will try to get the Culver amendment dropped in conference, adding "The Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld has repeatedly stated that he does not feel that the U.S. people will make an error in an area as critical as the strategic nuclear balance."

The vote to delay the spending of about \$900 million for production of the first three aircraft took place as the Senate began debate on the \$32-billion authorization bill for military procurement and research and development.

The bomber project, estimated to cost \$22 billion for a fleet of about 240 aircraft, has been developed as a replacement for the B-52, to serve with the nuclear-bomb-delivering submarines and the intercontinental ballistic missile as one of three legs of the U.S. nuclear triad.

The B-1 is faster, more powerful, better capable of penetrating air defense than the B-52 and carries a bigger payload.

Retaliatory Threat Without it, Sen. Howard Cannon, D-Nev., declared the United States could not be certain in the long run of adequate retaliatory threats to deter a Soviet strike against the United States.

Sen. Culver, however, argued that the craft, with its enormous costs, has not been sufficiently tested and as of Nov. 30 has only 172 hours and 24 minutes of flight time.

The Iowa senator said that there are still serious questions about whether the new craft can penetrate Soviet defenses by flying under Soviet radar. He said that the plane has had only 5 hours of testing flights at under 500 feet and only 5 minutes at below 300 feet.

The Federation of American Scientists released a statement signed by Clark Clifford, former secretary of defense, McGeorge Bundy, former security adviser to Democratic presidents, Roswell Gilpatric, former deputy defense secretary, and others which stated: "The tens of billions of dollars required to build and operate the B-1 bomber are not warranted by any contribution to our security which it might make."

Adequate Testing Sen. Barry Goldwater, R-Ariz., in reply, said that the plane has been adequately tested and is excellent. He said that he had flown it himself.

He and other backers of the plane argued that the B-52 fleet is aging rapidly. Sen. Goldwater said, "Without the B-1 going into the inventory in the 1980s, this fleet will become a much less effective deterrent than it is now."

For Sen. Culver and his allies, it was a remarkable victory. Opponents of new weapons almost always have lost such votes in recent years. A year ago, an anti-B-1 amendment by Sen. George McGovern, D-S.D., was defeated.

Train Bomb Kills Woman in Ulster

BELFAST, May 21 (AP).—A 30-year-old woman was killed and 10 persons injured in a triple bomb attack on a train today, police said.

They said that all the casualties were from a four-pound bomb which blew up in the first car of the Bangor-to-Portadown train at Banbridge, 15 miles south of Belfast. The car was seriously damaged and part of the Belfast-to-Dublin main line was ripped up, they said.

A second bomb was found in the debris and defused, the army said. The third bomb was hidden in a knapsack which was spotted and thrown out of a window by a train inspector. It went off minutes later.

26 in High School Die In Bus Crash in U.S.

MARTINEZ, Calif., May 21 (UPI).—At least 26 members of a high school choir were killed today when a school bus plunged through the guardrail on a bridge approach and plunged 30 feet to the ground.

The bus was carrying about 50 members of the Yuba City high school choir on an excursion. It crashed through the freeway at the southern end of the Martinez-San Francisco Bridge across San Francisco Bay.



GEODESIC DOME DESTROYED—The U.S. pavilion at Montreal's Expo '67, designed by Buckminster Fuller at a cost of about \$3 million, was gutted by fire Thursday. Welders were sealing a hole in the plastic shell when it burst into flames. No injuries were reported. In the years since the world's fair, the dome had been used for a variety of exhibitions.

Prospects Called Gloomy

Ford Faces Six Tough Races In South and West Tuesday

By Lon Cannon and Edward Walsh

WASHINGTON, May 21 (WP).—Despite victories this week that gave him a badly needed boost in delegate strength, President Ford faces a struggle in the primaries directly ahead.

The President claimed to have "regained his momentum" by winning the Michigan and Maryland primaries, but his strategists were gloomy about his prospects next week.

"We'll be lucky if we win two of the six primaries next Tuesday," a Ford strategist said after a White House meeting.

The main reason for the pessimism is that the scene shifts next week from Mr. Ford's home state and from the East, where Mr. Reagan is weakest, to the West and South, where the former California governor is stronger politically than the President.

A total of 179 delegates to the Republican National Convention will be chosen Tuesday in six states—Tennessee, Kentucky, Arkansas, Idaho, Nevada and Oregon. Also, 71 delegates will be chosen this weekend in state conventions in Alaska, Kansas and Vermont and in congressional district caucuses in Virginia.

Uncommitted Delegates Mr. Reagan has won 510 delegates compared with 433 for Mr. Ford. But the President is believed to have a substantial edge

Agent Wielded Gun in Brazil On Simons' Trip

BRASILIA, May 21 (UPI).—A female Secret Service agent guarding the wife of U.S. Treasury Secretary William Simon pulled her revolver on a motorcycle driver during the Simons' visit last week, the U.S. Embassy said this week.

News reports in Rio de Janeiro had said it was Mrs. Simon who wielded the gun when the driver changed his route during a ride to the airport.

"There was such an episode," the embassy spokesman said, but the gun belonged to the female Secret Service agent guarding Carol Simon. "Mrs. Simon was not armed, is not armed and did not have a gun."

News reports said Mrs. Simon pulled the revolver out of her pocketbook, placed it at the head of the driver and shouted in English, "Airport, airport!" The driver had sought a more scenic route, embassy officers said.

Published polls in California show Mr. Reagan well ahead in the race for that state's 167 delegates. Mr. Reagan's strategists concede that California is a must-win state for the former governor.

Mr. Reagan is favored in Nevada, the home state of his national campaign chairman, Sen. Paul Laxalt. He is also favored in Idaho and Arkansas, states where the situation looks so hopeless for the President that he will not bother to campaign there.

Of the three other primaries Tuesday, Mr. Ford is favored only in Oregon. Mr. Reagan is believed to be ahead in Kentucky and Tennessee, although Sen. Howard Baker Jr., R-Tenn., had forecast a Ford victory in Tennessee if the President won in Michigan.

Greece is the sixth country to sign such an accord—after Japan, Italy, Nigeria, the Netherlands and Colombia. Like the other agreements, the Greek-U.S. pact provides that any information exchanged will remain confidential.

U.S. A-Dumps Contaminate Ocean Floors

Evidence Discovered Of Radioactive Leaks

By David Burnham

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).—A federal scientist has reported discovering traces of plutonium and cesium contaminating the ocean floor off the East and West Coasts of the United States.

The radioactive materials appear to have leaked from thousands of 55-gallon drums of low-level radioactive wastes dumped into the ocean about 120 miles east of the border between Maryland and Delaware, and 35 miles west of San Francisco.

A description of the underwater search of the dumping areas and the discovery of the radioactive materials was presented by the International Atomic Energy Agency on March 28 by Robert Dyer, an oceanographer with the Environmental Protection Agency.

Mr. Dyer, 33, said at a briefing Wednesday that the contamination, which he discovered using the manned submersible Alvin and an unmanned submersible equipped with a sonar device and cameras, "has not yet translated itself into any health hazards."

The scientist emphasized that he was neither for nor against the dumping of radioactive wastes in the ocean but believed that the technical questions involved in the practice should be examined.

The dumping areas examined by Mr. Dyer during the summers of 1974 and last year had been licensed by the Atomic Energy Commission to receive low-level radioactive wastes from 1940 to 1970, although relatively little was dumped in the last eight years of the period.

The Atlantic dump was used for the disposal of about 14,800 drums of such radioactive materials as wiping cloths, coveralls and dead experimental animals.

The oceanographer conducted his search of this area inside the Alvin, an underwater research vessel operated for the Navy by the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution.

The Pacific dump, located near the Farallon Islands west of San Francisco, was used to dispose of some 47,500 drums of low-level material. The search of this area was made with the help of Curv 3, an underwater recovery vehicle operated by the Navy.

Core Samples In his paper, the oceanographer said core samples taken in the mud and sand near both intact and broken drums in the Pacific site showed that the level of plutonium "contamination in surface sediments is shown to be from 2 to 25 times higher than the maximum expected concentration that would have resulted from weapons-testing fallout."

Mr. Dyer said his survey found cesium contamination in the Atlantic dump "with concentrations ranging from 3-70 times higher than the maximum expected fallout concentration."

Another factor that raised questions about dispersal of the radioactive material was that both the Atlantic and Pacific sites were subject to deep-water ocean currents.

Mr. Dyer said that some of the barrels in the Pacific had been crushed, apparently because of water pressing against air pockets left in the material sealed in the barrels with plugs of cement at each end. Many of the barrels showed signs of corrosion, but none had been breached solely by corrosion.

Doctor Censured In U.S. for Pulling Youth's Stitches

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 21 (AP).—The Alabama State Board of Medical Examiners has censured and placed on a year's probation a white doctor accused of removing freshly sewn stitches from the arm of a 14-year-old black patient who had only \$30 toward the doctor's fee of \$25.

The board declined to revoke the medical license of Dr. Bobby Merkle, the only doctor in Uniontown, the census was for "professional misconduct." The probation requires Dr. Merkle to report before the board four times during the year. His medical practice will not be interrupted.

The vote followed a closed-door hearing in which the board questioned 29 witnesses about the charges against Dr. Merkle.

Dr. Merkle was charged in a \$50,000 damage suit with removing three newly sewn stitches from Melvin Armstrong's arm on July 3, 1974, when the youth told him he could not pay the \$25 fee. Last month, an all-white jury awarded the boy's father, Robert Armstrong, damages of \$20—the cost of having the wound restitched by a physician in a neighboring community.

Papua New Guinea Ties

PORT MORESBY, Papua New Guinea, May 21 (Reuters).—This country has established diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union, Romania, Singapore, Mexico and South Korea, Foreign Affairs Minister Sir Maori Kidi announced.

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'Abnormal' Sex Upheld by Iowa Court

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 21 (Reuters).—An Iowa law that prohibited every sexual act except "normal" intercourse is unconstitutional, the state's supreme court has ruled.

In a 5-4 decision, the court said the law was an impermissible invasion of privacy. It ruled that the state had no legitimate interest in trying to regulate the sex lives of consenting adults.

The finding reversed the conviction of Robert Tücher, who was charged in October, 1974, after a barmad performed an act of oral sex for him.

Kennedy Denies He's Available for Democratic Draft

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).—Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., denied last night that he had changed his position about being unavailable for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Asked in a telephone interview whether a report in the New York Daily News to the effect that he would accept a genuine draft were true, the senator said "No." He went on to say that his position was "unchanged."

He said he could not stop speculation about his intentions. The News reported that the senator would also be willing to serve as a vice-presidential nominee on a ticket headed by Sen. Hubert Humphrey, D-Minn.

The News gave no source for its report, but said that Sen. Kennedy's availability, "if indeed he would publicly choose to affirm it," would help Democrats who are looking for an alternative to Jimmy Carter.

The newspaper said that Sen. Kennedy's change of mind was a result of the apparent recovery of his 14-year-old son from bone cancer and his concern that liberal legislation such as national health insurance would not get solid backing from Mr. Carter.

Energy Agency Backs Crisis Plan For Sharing Oil

PARIS, May 21 (UPI).—The International Energy Agency, which groups the United States and 18 other key industrial nations, today approved a detailed program of operating rules that would automatically activate an oil-sharing plan in case of a new oil crisis.

Agency officials said that the energy sharing program would go automatically into effect among members if oil supplies dropped a certain percentage below normal levels.

No figure was given, but agency sources said that the allocations would be provided if a member's energy supplies dropped by more than 7 per cent.

The agency was established in 1974 at the request of Secretary of State Henry Kissinger after the 1973 oil embargo by the 13-member Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries following the Middle East war that year.

It was the first time in peacetime that leading Western nations have adopted detailed rules for the sharing of vital energy resources in a crisis, agency sources emphasized.

Moscow Embassy Gets New Screens

MOSCOW, May 21 (UPI).—Workers have begun installing large new wire mesh screens at the U.S. Embassy, apparently to ward off radiation, and an embassy spokesman described them yesterday as being "more permanent."

Asked if this meant there had been a lack of progress in talks with the Soviet Union about microwaves at the embassy, he said "As far as we know the talks are continuing."

Embassy officials conceded recently that radiation had been detected at the embassy, apparently from Soviet monitoring devices. Workers installed screens of wire mesh embedded in plastic mostly on the inside of the embassy windows.

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'Miranda' Warning

High Court Reverses Ruling On Rights of Some Suspects

By Lesley Oelsner

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).—The Supreme Court unanimously reversed this week a lower federal court decision requiring that suspects who are called to testify before grand juries be given the same "Miranda warnings" about the right to remain silent and to have a lawyer that the police must give to suspects they have in custody.

However, the justices gave different reasons for joining, in the judgment reversing the lower court.

They also were split—with no single view supported by a majority—on the scope of a grand jury witness's Fifth Amendment protection against self-incrimination.

The lower court—the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, in New Orleans—had in its ruling called the protection that the high court had established in its landmark 1966 Miranda decision, which held that suspects in custody situations must be told of various rights before the police questioned them.

Expansive View The U.S. District Court that had first considered the case—involving a narcotics investigation—had taken the same expansive view of the Miranda warnings.

The Supreme Court, however, has in several cases in recent years been taking a restrictive view of the Miranda decision—over the strong dissents of its most liberal justices.

The eight justices who participated in yesterday's case—the other John Paul Stevens, did not participate because he was not on the court when the case was argued—all appeared to agree on one point: That a defendant's Fifth Amendment protection against self-incrimination could not be used by a defendant to excuse perjury.

Panel Is Created In Drive to 'Draft' Sen. Humphrey

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).—Political supporters of Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, encouraged by primary setbacks to Jimmy Carter in the last 10 days, yesterday announced the formation of a committee to "draft" the Minnesota senator for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Rep. Paul Simon of Illinois and Joseph Crangle, a former New York State Democratic chairman, emphasized that they were proceeding without authorization from the senator. Notification of their plans, however, Sen. Humphrey did not ask them to stop.

Rep. Simon said at a Capitol Hill news conference he believed that Sen. Humphrey would have 300 delegates on the first ballot at the New York City convention in July, and that Mr. Carter would fall short of the 1,605 needed for nomination. On the second or third ballot, he said, there should be a "substantial shift in the direction of Humphrey."

India Regrets Halt In Canada A-Aid

NEW DELHI, May 21 (Reuters).—The government has expressed regret and disappointment over Canada's decision to end nuclear cooperation with India.

External Affairs Minister Yashwantrao Chavan told Parliament that the Canadian government had unilaterally abrogated three agreements to supply nuclear equipment and technology. He said: "The government of India is examining the various implications and will take appropriate steps."

Canada suspended its nuclear assistance after India exploded an atomic device in May, 1974. Canadian External Affairs Minister Allan Rock said that further nuclear cooperation with India was impossible without safeguards against use of Canadian-supplied materials for nuclear explosions.

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Britain's Sex-and-Politics Scandals: Where's the Proof?

By Robert B. Sample Jr.

LONDON, May 21 (NYT)—Britain is either on the verge of another controversy involving the alleged sexual irregularities of a prominent politician or it is indulging itself in a monumental and embarrassing waste of time and energy.

Nobody seems to know where the truth lies, but once again the newspapers, the politicians, the Foreign Office and Scotland Yard find themselves preoccupied not with the economy or the nation's basic problems but with hints of personal and diplomatic scandal.

There have been two charges in the last few days. One is potentially explosive but has so far resisted independent verification. The other appears to have been a hoax from start to finish.

A Blue Film Is Reported

First, the Guardian, one of Britain's "serious" papers, has said it has evidence that the South African Embassy attempted to obtain a pornographic film said to involve a prominent British politician thought to be a member of the Liberal party. The South Africans have denied any interest in the film, which may not exist, but the Guardian is

clinging to its story that there is a conspiracy afoot to smear Liberals.

Second, the British Broadcasting Corp., another respected institution, gave prime-time exposure recently to a man who identified himself as Lt. Col. Frederick Cheeseman. He presented a long list of impressive credentials, asserted he had been recruited by South Africa's Bureau of State Security and charged that South Africa had compiled elaborate dossiers on leading British Liberals.

A Flare-Up of Headlines

The next day Mr. Cheeseman admitted after several press inquiries that he had never been in the U.S. Air Force, as he had asserted, and was down on his luck. Capitalizing on the prevailing atmosphere of suspicion, he said he had bribed the BBC into putting him on the air and had made up a fictitious story about South African espionage in order to improve his image and the "standard of living of my wife and family."

The interesting point is why the BBC and many newspapers were so easily deceived. And the reason they were deceived, it is believed, is that both the Guardian's "blue-film" story, which has

neither been proved nor disproved, and the Cheeseman episode fell on ground that had been well fertilized by the magic code words "sex" and "South Africa"—as well as a general worldwide readiness to believe charges of corruption in government.

Just last week, Jeremy Thorpe, leader of the Liberal party, resigned over allegations that he had once had a homosexual relationship, allegations he denied but never satisfactorily explained. Meanwhile, no less a figure than former Prime Minister Harold Wilson asserted that "anti-democratic" foreign forces, by which he meant South Africans, were deploying unlimited funds to discredit British politicians and the "democracy in this country."

Creating a Climate

Taken together, the Thorpe resignation and the Wilson suggestion that Mr. Thorpe was the victim of a wider campaign of South African defamation improved the climate for the article in the Guardian about the sex film and the emergence of Mr. Cheeseman on the BBC.

What is not clear is how much there is to charges that the South Africans are up to no good. The South Africans recalled John Rus-

sow, the junior embassy official who the Guardian said was interested in the pornographic film—but only, they said, to get him away from "hounding by the press."

The South African ambassador here has also denied any attempt to begin a conspiracy against Britain. The security chief in Pretoria has denied Mr. Cheeseman's allegations.

What is very clear, however, is that the notion that there may be a South African conspiracy exercises a powerful hold here, buttressed by a political rationale.

By destroying the Liberals, the theory goes, the South Africans improve the chances of the Conservative party for gaining power in the next election because, in this view, Liberals tend to vote Tory rather than Labor, when given the chance.

Interests and Sympathies

A Conservative administration, the logic concludes, would be more congenial to South African interests, less sympathetic to black nationalism in the rest of Africa.

Armed with this rationale—and, according to some cynics, propelled by a fear of being beaten on a story by competitors—the press here pursues its South African "conspiracy" with an eagerness that may yet yield real dividends, but that has also made the press vulnerable to anyone who comes along with a story about espionage and personal intrigue.

A "Walter Mitty"

Mr. Cheeseman, for example, told his BBC audience that he had served in the intelligence branch of the U.S. Air Force, the Royal Air Force and the Royal Canadian Air Force before he was invited to South Africa to work for the Bureau of State

Security. He also said that he had subsequently decided, as a matter of conscience, to tell British Liberals that the South Africans were compiling damaging information about them. He apparently produced none of the alleged dossiers when he met with Liberal leaders.

Inquiries later produced no evidence that Mr. Cheeseman

Bonn Aide Says Spy Case Woman Confesses in Part

BONN, May 21 (Reuters)—West German Federal Prosecutor Erwin Fieber said last night that a Foreign Ministry secretary, arrested last Friday on suspicion of spying for East Germany, has confessed in part to accusations against her.

Helge Berger, 35, has not yet been charged and no details of the alleged admissions have been revealed.

The spy scandal is also said to involve a mysterious 40-year-old man who called himself Klaus Wehler. Authorities here say they believe the wanted man was Miss Berger's control.

The scandal has embarrassed both Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's government and the opposition Christian Democratic Union (CDU). Miss Berger worked for a senior CDU official before working for Foreign Ministry State Secretary Sigismund von Braun.

On Wednesday, Jürgen von Alben, head of the section of West Germany's foreign intelligence service dealing with classified NATO material, was suspended. The federal prosecutor's office said the two cases were not linked.

had been a member of air-force intelligence in any of the three countries. Meanwhile, British newspapers interviewed his neighbors in Bonn, a small town in Kent, and the neighbors said they were amused to see this "Walter Mitty" turn up on television.

Mr. Cheeseman—whose qualifications, which included runs with the law, were apparently not checked by the BBC or the Liberals anxious to believe his story—admitted afterward that he had "gotten a web" to gain personal notoriety.

Less amused but more embarrassed were Liberal leaders who had hoped to use Mr. Cheeseman's assertions about dossiers to prove their case about a conspiracy. David Steele, a Liberal member of Parliament and a contender for the leadership position vacated by Mr. Thorpe, said he has passed Mr. Cheeseman's accusations on to Scotland Yard and the Foreign Office. But he said, at a recent news conference that Mr. Cheeseman "could easily be a nut."

Politician Cited

The case of the "blue movie" involving a high-ranking politician may turn out to have more substance, but here again nobody knows.

The essence of the Guardian article was that a young man somehow came into possession of a movie showing a high-ranking official engaging in erotic activities. The young man called the South African Embassy, and Mr. Rusow was said to have shown interest in obtaining the film.

A meeting was arranged, and it was attended as well by a Guardian reporter, presumably because the young man had tip-

ped off the paper in advance. The embassy has since released a transcript of the conversation in Mr. Rusow's office that purports to show that the South Africans had no interest in the film. But the Guardian has asked: If that is so, why did the embassy agree so eagerly to see the young man in the first place?

Scotland Yard may be able to unravel all this. But in the meantime, the number of embarrassed and angry parties continues to multiply. The BBC is unhappy over its promotion of Mr. Cheeseman. The South Africans are unhappy for the same reason. And the Liberals—who are supposed to be the targets of it all—feel that the furor has complicated their efforts to prove that a conspiracy against them by some South African interests does exist.

They Hate Us

As one of them said, "We know they hate us, because we oppose their internal policies, and because our destruction could usher in a new era."

Berlin Checkpoint To Be Rebuilt

WEST BERLIN, May 21 (Reuters)—Checkpoint Charlie, an old wooden building facing the Berlin Wall which became a symbol of the cold war, was torn down today to make way for a new, larger building.

Since East Germany erected the wall on Aug. 13, 1961, Checkpoint Charlie had been the only international crossing point for foreigners going to East Berlin by car or on foot.

An American military spokesman said the new building of the old building will be set up in a museum as a reminder of the cold war days.

in Tory rule. But if this is all, why are they hanging badly?"

Some Tories, however, say ed disagreement with the present logic of a South African interest in weakening the Liberal party.

"They think that if the Lib who hold only 34 seats in House of Commons, were de ed, the Conservatives would necessarily be the benefit. They assert also that they have no more sympathetic to African aims than the Lib party has been."

"If these dirty tricks of the Liberals have in fact place," said Derek Howe, an adviser to Margaret Thatcher, Conservative leader, "then are not only wrong but mis ed."

In the House of Commons yesterday Prime Minister James Callaghan said he believed someone is indeed plotting against British politicians.

He repeated an allegation his predecessor, Sir Harold Wilson, that there is some kind campaign going on against Liberals.

"There is no doubt, as the investigation proceeds, despite the perils that surround that there are attempts to make against individual members of the Liberal party," he said.

"As to who is making it, that is not something we can go into at this stage, security authorities are trying to gain the reports that have been made."

Mr. Callaghan said he is considering asking Foreign Secretary Anthony Crosland to make a statement on the matter being made into all the allegations.

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Philippines Typhoon Causes 19 Deaths

MANILA, May 21 (Reuters)—Typhoon Olga left 19 persons dead, 19 missing and more than 20,000 in emergency shelters today after the worst storm to hit Manila for years.

Wind and rain from the typhoon today brought floods to the Philippines' northeastern provinces. President Ferdinand Marcos declared a state of calamity in the flooded areas.

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Don't Vote for Communists

Pope Personally Puts Church in Italian Election Campaign

By William Tuohy

VATICAN CITY, May 21.—Pope John Paul II personally led the Vatican into the Italian national election campaign today by urging Catholics not to vote for Communist candidates.

His clearest and toughest Communist statement yet, the Pope declared in a message to the Italian conference of bishops that the Communist party is not permissible to evade duty in this election when a question of fidelity to irreconcilable values and principles is involved.

It is even less tolerable for Catholics to give their support, especially public support, to a political expression which is, for logical reasons and in historical experience, radically opposed to religious ideas of life.

The Pope also confirmed a statement by Antonio Cardinal Agliardi, president of the Italian bishops' conference, who warned that Catholic intellectuals risked excommunication if they supported the Communist party.

A half dozen well-known Catholics active in religious affairs have announced they were running as independent candidates on the Communist party ticket because the party "has made the most convincing analysis of the complex problems of Italian society."

Poland to Lose Private Farms Inefficient

WARSAW, May 21 (Reuters).—The government is planning a compulsory takeover of private farms which are not efficiently run by their owners.

Private farms will either be bought in installments over 15 years, even a pension and a home where if over 60.

The draft law, given its first reading yesterday in Poland's parliament, now goes to committee for further study. It is expected to be passed soon with any amendments.

The new law forms part of a long-term scheme to reduce Poland's dependence on grain from abroad.

This year Poland plans to buy 1.5 million tons of grain, its largest purchase since 1945. It is expected that the new law will reduce this to 1 million tons.

The government hopes to increase the size of farms—either by merging small ones or by buying them from private owners, who often own plots no larger than six or seven acres.

The government hopes to increase the size of farms—either by merging small ones or by buying them from private owners, who often own plots no larger than six or seven acres.

Recognition Denied by EEC at Arab Talks

JEKEMBOURG, May 21 (UPI).—Arab League representatives declined to win recognition by the Economic Community of the West African States (ECOWAS) at a conference that ended today.

The conference was the first of the Arab League Dialogue, aimed to plan and oversee economic cooperation between ECOWAS and the Arab states.

The conference, at ambassadorial level, opened Tuesday and wound up today after a final 14-hour session of the terms of a communiqué. About 80 delegates on each side, representing 15 Arab and 20 ECOWAS states, took part.

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Falangists gathered at the tomb of Generalissimo Francisco Franco salute during a memorial service on Thursday.

Basque Dissent Unchanged in Post-Franco Era

By Henry Kamin

BILBAO, Spain (UPI).—In the Basque country, where ethnic separatism and a high degree of labor militancy combined to produce the sharpest opposition in the 35 years of Generalissimo Francisco Franco's dictatorship, the liberalization that followed Gen. Franco's death last November has been least felt.

The openness with which opposition figures conduct their affairs in Madrid or Barcelona is absent here. Those eager to have their names in print are as rare in Bilbao as they are common in other cities.

A series of interviews with politicians and well-informed observers centered on the paradox of a region where opposition activity was the most open when repression was greatest and remains largely clandestine when opposition activity has emerged elsewhere.

The most frequently heard explanation was the essential antagonism between Basque nationalism and any government in Madrid. A Roman Catholic scholar and priest said: "Spain for us is the enemy. For the unity of Spain, the Basques are the fundamental problem. The regionalism of other regions does not constitute a serious problem."

As a result, in this widely held view, a more liberal Spain than Gen. Franco's will still be apprehensive and less liberal when dealing with the Basques.

"Since the death of Franco there is more tolerance in political life," the priest said, "but when it touches Basque nationalism, the police intervene. Such political demonstrations are brutally stopped."

The differences between displays of Catalan nationalism in Barcelona and Basque nationalism here are striking. Nationalism in Catalonia openly flies its flag, while Basque nationalism is whispered. Nowhere is the difference more pronounced than at the universities.

Barcelona's three universities are open centers of opposition, ranging from liberal democracy on the right to leftist extremism. Communist meetings are held in university halls, with professors as active as students; walls inside and out are covered with leaflets and inscriptions, and most students carry notebooks displaying the Catalan flag and slogans in Catalan demanding autonomy in culture and politics.

The University of Bilbao is a quiet and austere place in comparison: no meetings, no inscriptions, no flags. The students speak in Spanish, and professors who are not conservative hide their opinions.

Student political activity exists, nevertheless, as it did before Gen. Franco's death, but it is little more open than before. All political movements, including the guerrillas of ETA (Basque National and Freedom), the most prominent group, enjoy campus support.

A young lawyer said: "When strikes began in Madrid after the death of Franco, everybody said there would be a revolution in the Basque country. The occasion was there, because many labor contracts were up for renewal. There were strikes, but almost no chance of any general strike at any time."

"Even after victory," he said, referring to a nearby city in which two strikers were killed in March, "they went out on a sympathy strike for one day, two days. Then they said, 'Go back to work.' In the past, the strike situation could have escalated."

Juan Carlos, Don Juan Agree On Talks With the Opposition

MADRID, May 21.—King Juan Carlos met privately today with his exiled father, Don Juan de Borbón, and was reported to have sought his support for a more liberal line in running Spain.

A spokesman for Don Juan, 82, long-time pretender to the throne who broke years ago with his son's benefactor, the late Generalissimo Francisco Franco, said that father and son agreed that Juan Carlos should continue meeting with the government's political opposition.

The 33-year-old King began talking with center-rightists 10 days ago in a sharp break with Franco's refusal to recognize anything but loyal rightists for nearly four decades.

Informed government sources said that the King was expected to try to persuade his father to yield his claim to the crown. Juan Carlos, installed as Spain's King last Nov. 23, after Franco's death, was said to feel that support from his father would ease the new regime's battle to effect democratic reforms.

No Commitment

There has been no commitment, the sources said, for giving Don Juan an advisory post, although he may be expected to consult frequently with his son.

Don Juan, who lives in Portugal, has limited political backing within Spain, but he is believed to have more credibility with the left than the King because of his record of opposing Franco.

Don Juan returned tonight to Portugal. Neither he nor the King, who accompanied his father to the airport, made any statement to reporters.

Yesterday, about 3,000 rightists chanting "Franco, Franco" packed a mountain basilica for an emotional memorial mass six months after the dictator's death.

Led by civil war veterans, whose request for a Madrid rally had been rejected by the government, the crowd raised their arms in the fascist salute as they poured out of the crypt containing Franco's tomb in the Valley of the Fallen.

Franco's widow, Carmen, accompanied by their only daughter, was warmly applauded by the crowd.

A civil war veteran, wearing the German Iron Cross won with the Spanish Blue Division on the Russian front during World War II, forced his way through the crowd to kiss Mrs. Franco's hand.

As she left, the crowd shouted, "Franco, yes—the government no."

Chirac Affirms French Reliance On Nuclear Arm

PARIS, May 21 (AP).—Prime Minister Jacques Chirac yesterday tried to reassure legislators that the government's defense plans over the next six years were not downgrading France's independent nuclear arm in favor of stronger conventional forces.

Opening a two-day parliamentary debate on the program, Mr. Chirac said the nuclear force remained "the ultimate recourse of France." But he said they were sufficiently developed that, given regular updating, more attention could be paid to modernizing the conventional forces to give France a better capability of graduated response.

The plan calls for defense spending to rise from 17 per cent of the current budget to 20 per cent in 1982. Conventional forces will be trimmed slightly but extensively modernized, with conscription being retained to keep an overall strength of around 500,000 in the three services.

Critics on the government benches have said the program was "ambiguous." Gaullist defense expert Joël Le Theule said that while reaffirming President de Gaulle's priority for nuclear arms, it was "cutting their budget share."

11th Mutilated Body Is Found in Uruguay

MONTEVIDEO, May 21 (AP).—A decapitated body washed ashore yesterday, the 11th mutilated corpse to appear on Uruguayan beaches in the past month, coast guard sources said.

Authorities ventured no explanation for the mysterious body, and none has been identified. The other 10 were believed to be Asians. The bodies of four men and a woman were found on April 22 off the Atlantic coast. All five showed signs of torture, sources said. Others were found later on the Rio de la Plata, across a wide estuary from Argentina.

French Printers, Newsmen Strike

PARIS, May 21 (UPI).—The French national printers' union called a 24-hour strike yesterday following the eviction of printers who had been occupying a Caen print shop for the past year. Most newspapers did not appear today because of the strike.

The strike by the printers' union came on the eve of a 24-hour strike by newspapermen's unions, which did not halt production. The unions want to call attention to a list of demands presented to management several years ago and still contested.

Printers' union officials said that police evicted 30 printers; the police put the number at eight. The shop was occupied on June 5 after the company, which employed 160 persons, was formally dissolved.

The National Publishers Association said in a statement that it deplored the fact that the printers' union felt it had to punish the newspapers—and indirectly their readers—for what it called "reasons that had nothing to do with the papers."

The controversial idea came from Mr. Fournier's team of marketing experts headed by Etienne Thil, a former journalist. Only 50 of the 35,000 products sold by the Carrefour chain are affected by the plan thus far, but Mr. Thil says that it is so successful that it will undoubtedly be expanded.

A spot check in the chain's 215,000-square-foot supermarket at Clichy, south of Paris, showed that nearly every shopper had at least one plain-package product.

A two-pound package of nameless spaghetti sold for 2.98 francs (65 cents), beside a well-known brand offered at 3.84 francs (83 cents). A ten-pound container of nameless detergent cost 27 francs (\$4.78) compared with 37 francs (\$5.91) for the same quantity of detergent produced by a prominent multinational corporation.

Convincing Differences

The price difference varies from 7 to 30 per cent, Mr. Thil said, enough to convince thousands of housewives to abandon their familiar brands. In the first four weeks of the campaign, the nameless products sold by Carrefour represented nearly 4 per cent of the chain's total turnover and nearly 14 per cent of the grocery turnover.

One of Europe's largest food processing firms has refused to have anything to do with the plan. Its products continue to be sold in Carrefour stores, but the turnover has dropped sharply, Mr. Thil said.

France's largest coffee packaging firm took a different attitude and agreed to supply Carrefour's nameless coffee. "As a result, our sales of this firm's brand-name coffee have dropped by 20 per cent, but sales of the same firm's coffee without a brand name represent about 40 per cent of all coffee sales," Mr. Thil said.

The record is held by the nameless toilet tissue, which has captured 60 per cent of Carrefour's tissue sales. Nameless candy sales in the first four weeks represented 50 per cent of Carrefour's total, detergents 30 per cent, cooking oil 28 per cent. The overall average was 30 per cent.

The real test of the nameless products will come this summer, when France's two leading consumer organizations plan to publish the first comparative tests, comparing them with their brand rivals for quality, price and packaging.

"We have nothing to fear," Mr. Thil said.

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489 Avenue Louise	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	12,450 sq.m.	(for rent)	June '76
Avenue de Tervuren	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	6,000 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
320 Avenue Louise (Cote S.A.I.F.I.)	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	28,000 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
66 Avenue Louise	Donaldson S.A.	648.18.40	2,780 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
375 Avenue Louise	Enr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	3,290 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
67 Avenue Lloyd George	Enr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	6,000 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
270-272 Avenue de Tervuren	Enr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	8,000 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
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Warehousing, Laagoven, Utrecht	Mellers & Harding (Brussels)	649.32.64	from 700 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
Warehousing, Zoeterwoude	Mellers & Harding (Brussels)	649.32.64	from 1,600 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
Shop, office space, Bergen op Zoom	Van der Meulen B.V.	01640-42350	6,400 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
Rembrandtgebouw Amsterdam	Knight Frank & Rutley	020-760944	3,500 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.
Warehousing shops offices Embooven	Wenthuis en Lintee B.V.	040-116415	300-45,000 sq.m.	(for rent)	Immed.

ART MARKET

Kitsch and the Middle Class

By Souren Melikian

LONDON, May 21 (IHT).—Nineteenth-century academic painting is doing well again in the salerooms. Some prices at Sotheby's sale Wednesday were even surprisingly high. Indifferent works by obscure painters sold like hotcakes, a sure sign of the return of prosperity.

There was a large selection of French paintings many by totally unknown artists—which did not seem to matter in the least. Interior scenes and portraits, done about 1850-1880 in a style pathetically attempting to revive the manner of 17th-century Dutch and Flemish artists, are popular once again. "The Reading Lesson," an 1833 painting by Joseph Carraud, who obviously admired Vermeer, rose to an amazing £1,430, more than doubling its highest estimate. A scene in neo-Rubensian style by Ferdinand Roybet of "Cavaliers Singing in a Tavern" fetched the equally absurd price of £2,200, corresponding to the highest estimate. Poorly painted in murky colors, childishly banal in its conventional style, it would probably have made half that figure a year ago.

Conventional portraits are also back in favor. Typical was Jules James Rougeron's full standing figure of a woman draped in a Spanish-style shawl looking at herself in a mirror. The rather good palette barely redeems the ridiculous posture. A professional paid £630 for the piece. An equally odd painting of a woman playing the guitar by Georges Crocquet and inscribed "Paris" made £742; two portraits by the

same artist sold as a single lot were knocked down at £583. No less remarkable was the success of 19th-century landscapes from the Barbizon school and other pre-impressionist movements. A wooded landscape by Henri Joseph Harpignies painted in dark brownish greens, blurred and drab, made £1,270. A small panel by his contemporary and rival Charles François Daubigny was hardly more than a picture postcard showing the bend of a river; £530 was a very good price, although only slightly over the estimate.

As often happens at such sales with a large number of lots, one or two good pieces went more or less unnoticed. A particularly pleasing one was a sweeping landscape by Georges Michel, a French painter influenced by the Dutch who was not, however, an imitator. His "Windmill Under a Stormy Sky" with an elegant color scheme in ochre and pearl gray was one of the best buys at £348. Even less expensive to my mind was an excellent landscape of "A Mountain Pass" by Theodore Rousseau, sold for the same price. Compared with the 1871 given two minutes later for a tiny river landscape at sunset by Antoine Chintreuil, a charming unimportant landscape of the Barbizon school, this is not much. Another bargain came when a portrait scene by Paul Gigou was laid on the block. The name of the Provencal painter would hardly stir dealers who trade in kitsch. Although the panel, called "Le Port de Marseille," had an excellent provenance—the collection of Dr. Paul Gachet—it made only £583. One landscape of excellent quality did, however, arouse attention and fetch a high price. This is a landscape by a painter known only to specialists, Pierre Emmanuel Damoye.

An artist of the Barbizon school with something of Boudin's manner when painting cloudy skies, Damoye produced some very fine works, seldom seen at auction. A summer land-

scape, dated 1879, with a tiny figure of a painter sketching by a path—presumably Damoye himself—rose to £2,756, £1,000 more than the highest estimate.

Two Categories

By and large, however, the emphasis was on the superlatively conventional and, accordingly, the highest prices were fetched by the two categories that are most avidly sought after in this line—Orientalist paintings and Dutch works of the 19th century harking back to the 17th century.

Orientalists were chiefly represented by Alberto Pasini, an Italian painter who went to Egypt and Turkey. The most im-

portant painting showed a crowded street in Cairo with the minaret of a mosque at the end. The aesthetic merit of the work is modest but its documentary value is unquestionable. That presciently accounts for the high price of £4,870—although this is still below pre-sale expectations judging from the £5,000-£6,000 estimate given by Sotheby's. Another work of Pasini's, representing a market in Constantinople in 1871, made £4,028, again calling for the same remarks but showing the market to be firmly established.

Among the Dutch works, those of Willem Koekkoek, sold quite well as usual. A "Canal in a



Willem Koekkoek's "A Canal in a Dutch Town," which sold for £7,700 at Sotheby's in London.

AROUND EUROPEAN GALLERIES

Rome

Giovanni Battista Piranesi, from the "Architectures and Perspectives" to the "Prisons," 1743-1750, Calcografia Nazionale, 6 Via della Stamperia, Rome, to June 24.

Piranesi and the French, Villa Medici, Trinità dei Monti, to June 24.

Piranesi lived most of his mature life in Rome. But he came from Venice. This explains a lot. His vision is the fusion of two experiences: the illusions of the ever changing water world and the ruins of an ancient empire.

As a young architecture student in Venice, he found Palladio "immortal," "his drawing perfection." Arriving in Rome in 1740 at the age of 20, he was dazzled by such old splendors. The architect Piranesi, instead of elaborating his utopian views in stone, turned to delineating them as an engraver on copperplate.

The sober buildings of the Roman republic were turned into dream edifices. Between 1743 and 1750, in a period stylistically beyond the rococo but before neoclassicism, the former architect created huge groups of extraordinarily illusionary prints on roughly three major subjects.

The motive behind the first, the exaltation of the antique, may be interpreted as a yearning in a time of decadence for ancient virtue and for Arcadia. The second, the ruins of the domes of mosques, the chain of images becomes evocative, poetic. All Santoro's work is autobiographical but without a trace of narcissism. It is about purity, really. The more the pity that she depends on timely devices, plastic materials and so on.

—EDITH SCHLOSS.

Paris

Lika Mutal, Galerie Daniel Gervais, 34 Rue du Bac, Paris 7, to June 30.

Born in Holland, Lika Mutal lives in Peru, and this is her first exhibition in Paris. She is a full-fledged, mature sculptor, working in stone and in a language that is both sensuous and abstract. Real sculptures are the rarest of beads, for even though many people work in three dimensions the end result, all too often, is a representation, not a presence. Mutal's sculptures in marble, travertine and the dense Peruvian "red granite" (a passing geologist declared that it was no granite in his book) achieve this sort of presence. Her abstract forms quite often have moving parts, hinged and ringed, that refer one to the Inca quipu, a knotted string, which was the closest thing they had to writing.

Piero Guccione, Galerie Claude Bernard, 7 Rue des Beaux-Arts, Paris 8, to June 11.

A low parapet, a telephone

pole, a thick wire crossing the top of the canvas against the mingled blue of sky and sea, the latter calm and flat but marked by the transverse lines

MUSIC

Florence: Maggio Musicale Kicks Off With Henze Opera

By William Weaver

FLORENCE, May 21 (IHT).—

The opening production of the 38th Maggio Musicale, Florence's distinguished festival, is a contemporary opera, Hans Werner Henze's "Sing Stag." Though the work is 20 years old, it has never been heard in this country before, and for the occasion an Italian translation—eminently singable—has been made by Fedele d'Amico. The composer himself has been present in Florence, and has expressed his satisfaction with the results. Certainly, Bruno Bartoletti has thoroughly assimilated the score and has managed to fire the enthusiasm of the not always enthusiastic Florence orchestra. In fact, the orchestral passages—in which the opera abounds—afford some of the most enjoyable moments of the evening.

It is a long evening, and Roberto Guicciardini's frantic, cluttered staging only makes it seem longer (the staging also required two seemingly endless intermissions). This director obviously cannot bear an empty stage or an immobile human being. The libretto is, admittedly, over-complicated and hard to follow. This staging, with its horde of ballet dancers and extraneous, supra-constant bustling about, makes the plot virtually incomprehensible. Pier Luigi Samaritani's sets and costumes are, in themselves, handsome but they, too, are more confusing than clarifying.

Leandro, the stag-king, has the best music; the American tenor Michele Molteni sang it accurately though his contrived sounding voice could not convey all the nuances. Claudio Desderi was an impressive villain, praiseworthy also for his distinct enunciation. As Scatellato, the ally soprano Slavka Taskova Paolletti scaled the vocal heights with ease, though her words were not always comprehensible. The rest of the large cast was chosen with obvious care and did full justice to the work. Written when the composer was in his late twenties, "Sing Stag"—or "Il Re Cervo"—as it becomes in Italian—is an exuberant piece with perhaps an excess of ideas. At times, it seems unconfused but there are many, many pages—such as the two big tenor arias—that are fascinating. Not to be sure, an opera for the standard repertoire (or for the standard opera-governor), but perfect for inaugurating a festival.

Last night, the Florence orchestra—with some unfortunate changes in personnel—was heard in an all-Schumann program conducted by Cal Stewart Kellogg, the 28-year-old American who last year won Italy's Marzulli Award. Kellogg is a sound musician, with the right ideas and a legible beat but he was unable to do much with the orchestra, which played badly (the winds were particularly culpable), without losing or deepening.

of passing currents. Guccione is a Sicilian painter who has chosen the more barren aspect of his island, the brown tuff the mercurial light, the traumatic solitude. So much for the "Jeux de Sicile." But he is a painter and his works are beautiful acts of balancing between color, line and mass. His show in Paris.

Daniel Hammar, Galerie Le De Sen, 43 Rue de Verneuil, Paris 7, to May 31.

Works on paper, large at small, colorful, good-humored slightly staid two-dimensional aesthetics of the stylized arabesque line and brush.

—MICHAEL GIBSON.

Brussels

Peter Chitard, sculpture, Galerie Alexandra Monnet, 154 Chaussée de Charleroi, Brussels, to June 6.

The American sculptor Peter Chitard lived in Italy 15 years partly because there was a hand source of marble. Many of his works, even those on a small scale, have a monumental feel to them. He achieves a point of lightness, a solid, by designing interlocking pieces that separate enough to allow light patterns in the air between. Unexpectedly graceful and go are sculptures of golden bronze.

Bogert Paintings, Houses of Mystery, Galerie Présence, 4 Avenue Louise, to June 5.

This series of mysterious marionettes is in Bogert's special style of beautifully painted, closely detailed surrealism—with a tone of light fantasy to lighten the foreboding. Houses in flames with shapes rising through veiled windows, appear in each of the top hats (always in silhouette) flit across the scene. These could have been imitated by Magritte but they aren't. So part paints from his own mind.

—RONA DOBSON.

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SENIOR EXECUTIVE JOB GUIDE

Published at the end of the week, this is a compilation of senior-level job opportunities from selected publications. Senior level jobs published by the International Herald Tribune through Tuesday automatically appear in this feature. To place an advertisement in "INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES," contact our office in your country (listed on back page). Any questions or comments concerning this feature can be directed to Mr. J. Shelby in the Paris office.

JOB TITLE	SALARY	EMPLOYER	JOB LOCAT.	SOME OF THE QUALIFICATIONS	CANDIDATES SHOULD MAKE CONTACT WITH	ADVERT. SOURCE
International Controller		International division of large marketer of consumer goods.	(Assumed USA)	10 yrs. exp. intl. fin. acctg. or fin. educ. intl. consum. prod. exp.	Box P. 706, Wall Street Journal, 22 Cortlandt St., New York, N.Y. 10007, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 12.5.76
Financial Director	"commensurate with this position"	Time-Life Books (Europe, Africa, Mid-East, South Pacific).	Amsterdam	35 yrs. min. Excell. fin. exp.; familiar EDP; speak + write fluent English.	Mr. Wm. Greenway, Whitney, Murray, Ernst & Ernst, 7 Sq. Fries-Orban, 1040 Brussels.	I.H.T. 13.5.76
Senior Financial Manager	"well into 5 figures + Benefits"	Major British left. group with extensive interests in Far East.	Hong Kong	Outstanding fin. exec. with knowl. of industrial acctg. and treasury aspect of fin. mgmt.	Mr. F.H. Scobie, Cornhill Belmont Garrit Ltd., 333 Grand Bldg., Trafalgar Sq., London WC2.	F.T. 13.5.76
Financial Controller	to £14,000 tax free.	Major Saudi Arabian Group.	Saudi Arabia	Min. of 10 yrs. post qualification exp. in medium to large company.	Alan G. Shuck F.C.A., Lachlan Int'l. Ltd., 18 Northampton Sq., London EC1V0DH.	F.T. 13.5.76
Group Financial Controller	"attractive salary and benefits"	Group of companies in publishing & printing, employing 800.	Malindi Kenya	Qualif. accountant, EDP, substantial exp. preferably in publishing or printing.	Industrial Promotional Services Ltd., 70 Rue de Lausanne, CH 1202, Geneva, Switzerland.	F.T. 13.5.76
General Sales Manager	F. 150-180,000	Group of many companies: supermarkets, shopping centers, dept. stores.	(Assumed France)	Knowledge of retailing (mgmt., stocking, rotation, supply, etc.); use of EDP, French & English.	Int'l. Business Drive (ref. 13183), 6-8 Rue de la Rosière, 75015 Paris, France.	Monde 13.5.76
Advertising Account Executive	F. 100-110,000	International Advertising Agency (for major budget).	Paris	Exp. in major agency or advertiser; knowl. of capital equip. or auto industry; French & Engl. also German language.	SNPM Petites Annonces (ref. 13712), 106 Ave. Charles-de-Gaulle, 92522 Neuilly, France.	Monde 14.5.76
Financial Director		One of the most imp. German trading companies.	South-East Asia	32-35 yrs. business educ.; perfect English + German; exp. as fin. mgr. (Praktisch).	Mr. Heinrich Dörffinger, Baro Fähringstr. der Wirtschaft, Feuerbach Str. 42, 6000 Frankfurt 1.	FAZ 15.5.76
General Manager Europe		Leading U.S. corp. in the chemical field.	Brussels	Line marketing or sales exp. in chemicals, chem. educ. desirable; Engl. + Fr. + another.	Box D.5.314, Int'l. Herald Tribune, 21 Rue de Berri, Paris 75008.	I.H.T. 15.5.76
Finance Director	"attractive compensation package"	European subsidiary of NYSE listed corp.	Europe	Successful record fin. mgmt.; 10 yrs. acting exp. prev. exp. in Europe.	Box D.5.313, Int'l. Herald Tribune, 21 Rue de Berri, Paris 75008.	I.H.T. 15.5.76
Chief Executive-Designate	"Substantially into 5 figures"	The Fiji Sugar Corp. operates all sugar mills in Fiji, employs 3,500.	Fiji	Sound comm. judgment; gen. mgmt. exp. high social & political sensitivity.	Mr. R.G. Birch (ref. 1120), Post, Warwick, Mitchell & Co., Salisbury Hse., Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 5UR.	Economist 15.5.76
Sales Manager	F. 120,000	French subord. of big int'l. group (700 employees - F. 120 million).	Paris	Min. 32 yrs. excellent sales exp.; prefer exp. in agricult. Fr. + Engl. languages.	J. Mounier (ref. A/2425), P.A. Conseiller de Direction, 8 Rue Bellini, 75016 Paris.	Express 17.5.76
Financial Economist		Economics dept. of Bankers Trust Company.	London	Economics grad.; exp. with fin. instt.; exp. analyzing Mid-East, African economies.	Mr. D.F.V. Ashby, Bankers Trust Company, 9 Queen Victoria St., London EC4A0DB.	F.T. 18.5.76
Chief Executive-Designate	£20,000+ benefits.	Thriving London Insurance Co. part of int'l. group.	London	Early 50's; broad fin. & admin. skills; subord. exp. in underwriting.	P.A. Personnel Services (GM 3/5083), 60a Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LE, G.B.	F.T. 18.5.76
General Manager Europe		Well-known American corp. in industrial filtration products.	Amsterdam	Min. 35 yrs. engineer, grad. mkt./sales exp. in indust. filtration; French + English.	G.F.C. (ref. 437), Executive Search Consultants, 103 Rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris.	Monde 18.5.76
Controller European Operations		Digital Equipment Corporation.	Geneva	Min. 10 yrs. controllership; exp. in intl. fin.; MBA or equiv.; CPA; Engl., Fr., Ger.	Mr. Barry M. Bognard, Digital Equipment Corp. (dept. 6518), 148 Main St., Maynard, Mass. 01754.	W.S.J. 18.5.76
Managing Director Far East	\$35,000 base + benefits.	Manufacturing facility of Fortune 200 corp.	Far East	10-15 yrs. exp. in mfg. mgmt. (mkt. forming, fabrication, plastic processes).	Box EE-518, New York, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 18.5.76
International Marketing Director	to \$40,000	Prestige Fortune 50 corp.; mfr. of measurement & control equip.	(Assumed USA)	Degree; proven skills in export, budgeting, forecasting, intl. sales/mkt.	Fox-Morris Pers. Consult., 6 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh, Pa., 15222, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 18.5.76

John J. ...

THEATER
Cinema
Stylized Eroticism From Japanese

Thomas Quinn Curtiss

INES, May 21 (AP).—The nation of the present is the erotic film, directed by Nagisa Oshima, "The Empire of the Senses." The film is a study of the sadomasochistic relationship of a servant girl and her master, a Japanese nobleman. It is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese mind, and it is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese body. The film is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese mind, and it is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese body. The film is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese mind, and it is a study of the eroticism of the Japanese body.

Los Angeles, the Japanese film is represented by "Private Vices, Public Virtues," a musical-comedy para-

phrase of the Mayerling tragedy. As the Archduke Rudolf was a middle-aged neurotic when he and his mistress were found shot to death at a hunting lodge in 1889, it is disconcerting to find him impersonated by a smooth-shaven undergraduate type who is usually without his trousers. In this version, the archduke has retired to an enormous estate with an opera troupe, also naked and also engaged in plotting the empire's downfall. Wearying orgies of porno movie nature swirl in Janco's familiar brand of circling choreography. Finally, after everyone has had more than enough and the archduke's court has taken to manly singing "Bab, Bab, Black Sheep," the emperor orders out the army to slay the ringleaders of the revolting nudist colony. There is some lovely photography and balletic movement, but Janco's script is extremely silly. "Private Vices, Public Virtues," filmed in Italian, is an Italian entry in the competition.

Eric Rohmer, "author" of "Ma Nuit Chez Maud" and "Le Genou de Claire," has crossed the Rhine to meet defeat. Going to Germany to film Kinski's "The Marquise d'O," he evidently fell under the sway of some of the most boring directors of the new Teutonic cinema and his

motion picture is indistinguishable from one of theirs. His intention seems to have been to retell the romantic Kleist tale of complicated courtship in the early 19th century ironically, but the result is broad travesty and the acting resembles that of a German stock company engaged in Feydeau's "Horoscope En Avance."

The most satisfactory film to have been screened thus far is Francesco Rosi's "Cadaveri Eccelesti." Its English title is to be "The Context" and, probably to the relief of those participating for honors, it is not in the competition.

Inspired by Leonardo Sciascia's novel, it follows the trail of a police detective trying to find the murderer of several judges. His superiors hold that the murders are the deeds of revolutionaries bent on sowing discord, but he suspects otherwise. Rosi's film is a gripping suspense drama, which also provides an alarming portrait of the contemporary Italian political scene. An assembly of excellent actors—Lino Ventura, Marcello Mastroianni, Fernando Rey, Max von Sydow and Charles Vanel—endow the principal roles with persuasive urgency. Script, acting and direction, all of high order, make "Cadaveri Eccelesti" a distinguished contribution.

Among the "L'Air du Temps" selections is a remarkable Amer-

Elko Matsuda and Tasuya Fuji in Oshima's "The Empire of the Senses."



ican film by the Maysles brothers, David and Albert, who made the documentary about the Rolling Stones concert in California, the concert that led to riot and murder. Their latest work, "Grey Gardens," is of more tranquil temper but quite as fascinating. It concerns Edith Bouvier Beale and her daughter, Edie, the aunt and cousin of Jacqueline Onassis. These two women—Mrs. Beale is 80 and Edie is 58—once prominent figures of New York and Long Island society, have been living in seclusion in East Hampton for some years, surrounded by their cats and subsisting on a meager income. Both defied the mores of their world. The mother hoped—and trained—to be a singer, while the daughter never married. "France fell in 1940,

but Edie never fell," her mother explains. The Maysles have recorded their present manner of life at the once great house, now in such shabby shape. Its inhabitants joke, recall their glorious past and have occasional disputes. No commentary interrupts their conversations and confidences for this candid cinematic portrait makes sufficient comment. But "Grey Gardens" is no home movie. Rather it is in the style of a John O'Hara or John Cheever short story, drawing without needless aside a complete picture of changing American ways.

California—for reasons difficult to decipher—has long been the happy hunting grounds for quacks of every shade. Evangelists, re-

formers, cultists, both murderous and benign, fortune-tellers, cure-all fakery, local yogis, mystics from Greenwich Village, all have found followers in the California sunshine. "The California Reich," a documentary by Walter Parks and Keith Critchlow, shown at the Festival Palace the other afternoon, deals with a Nationalist-Socialist movement that has sprung up there. This extraordinary piece of reporting takes viewers to the clandestine beer-hall meetings of the neo-Nazis, who wear swastika bands and hell Hitler, but who appear ignorant of German. It also takes viewers out for a whirl in their trucks when they set off to badge rival malcontents on their protest parades.

"Harvest: 3000 years" has a force and verve that has impressed audiences of the Critics' Week program. Its author and director is Hilde Gerima, an Ethiopian. This is an epic about the peasantry under feudal rule, visual evidence that little has changed in the last 3,000 years. To illustrate social problems, Gerima recounts simultaneously two contrasting cases.

The first shows the fate of a shamelessly exploited but obedient family. The second concerns a vagrant who has lost his land and plots revenge. A graduate of the University of California at Los Angeles cinema school and a professor of motion picture technique at a Washington university, Gerima proves his mettle as a filmmaker with this work.

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ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK
NEW YORK, May 21 (AP).—This is how critics for The New York Times rate new stage productions:
"Eden," by Steve Carter and produced by the Negro Ensemble Company, "is pure melodrama, but cleverly done," Clive Barnes says. Set in New York in 1927, it contrasts native black New Yorkers with an immigrant West Indian family, led by an autocratic follower of Marcus Garvey, who has nothing but contempt for his neighbors. "Despite its melodramatic structure and almost soap opera tone, it's engrossing. You care about these characters. Everything has the conviction of authenticity to it," Graham Brown "is marvelous" as the father and Edith Butler "fine as his embittered wife." It has been "sensitively staged" by Edmund Cambridge.
"Legend," by Samuel Taylor, is a Western. "A genre that is scarce on Broadway," Mel Gussow says, "and this may be the one that will make them even scarcer." There are a lot of guns and noise, "unfortunately, not loud enough to smother the dialogue." Elizabeth Ashley, "the heroine of this misadventure," is a bank robber being held in the home of the

On U.S. Team
Italy Gets Revenge at Bridge Meet
MONTE CARLO, May 21 (UPI).—Italy got its revenge on the United States today in the world bridge Olympiad, but at the same time it slipped to second place behind Brazil with only four matches of the 46-round tournament still to be played.

The Italians, defending champions in the Olympiad, lost to the United States in the Bermuda Bowl final two weeks ago. But today it was a different story when Italy outscored the Americans to earn 17 victory points to three for the United States.

The U.S. team went into this round in seventh place. Two factors dropped Italy from first to second place. First, Brazil got the maximum 20 victory points by blitzing Hungary, and second, West Germany won

SHARPS AND FLATS

LONDON—The Rolling Stones are at Earl's Court May 23 and 24. Leonard Cohen is at the Royal Albert Hall May 25 at 7 p.m. Shirley MacLaine is appearing nightly at the Palladium. The Lee Konitz-Warne Marsh quartet is at Ronnie Scott's.

THE HAGUE—Chuck Berry will be headlining the Congressgebouw May 23 at 8 p.m.

AMSTERDAM—The group Kiss will be at the Congresscentrum May 23 at 8 p.m.

BERLIN—The Manhattan Transfer will be at the Philharmonie May 24 at 8 p.m.

GENEVA—Sir Charles Thompson will be featured at the Popcorn Club from May 24-31.

Lionel Hampton, completing his European tour, will be in Hamburg May 22, in Antwerp May 24 and in Paris May 26 at the Théâtre de l'Est Parisien.

The new album of Jerome Van Jones, former accompanist for the Stars of Faith, has recently been released on the BASF label.

PARIS—Kiss will be at the Olympia May 22 at 3 p.m.; Nils Lofgren at the Elysée-Montmartre May 24 at 8 p.m.; Chuck Berry at the Olympia May 25 at 7 and 10 p.m. On May 26 there will be a jazz concert at La Muralité featuring the quartet of Elvin Jones, Billy Harper, Frank Wright and Noah Howard. Barbara Sommers and Derry Hall are appearing nightly at the Coupé Chou. There will be a folk and progressive jazz festival at the suburban Université de Vincennes from noon to midnight on May 22.

This week's top single in the United States is "Welcome Back" by John Sebastian, and in Britain, "Fernando" by Abba.

—FRANK VAN BRAKLE

Simon Buys Goyas
LONDON, May 21 (AP).—American collector Norton Simon paid \$33,000 yesterday for a first edition set of 33 bullfight etchings by Goya.

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Michigan and Maryland

There is a message in the primary returns from Michigan and Maryland—and it is, oddly, a message from Gerald Ford . . . for Jimmy Carter. Mr. Ford managed to improve his condition substantially in both contests against former Gov. Reagan. And he did so, in our judgment, largely by playing his strongest card which is the presidency. Mr. Ford had been letting his own campaign strategy be defined by his opponent. Worse, he was letting Mr. Reagan define the issues as well. Wisely, we think, the President got off his defensive kick—the petulance and the retorting and the small-bore resentment. And he did so, interestingly, at more or less the same moment that Mr. Carter began to get on one. God knows, Mr. Carter has reason to feel set upon from all directions and to feel that he has been personally targeted in many unfair ways by his primary opponents who have sought to make his success the issue. But that is the invariable fate of front-runners.

The question is also an invariable one: Whether the front-runner will succumb to the temptation to snipe back, to become testy and personal himself. The alternative is harder, but in the long run the only route to success. It is to capitalize on one's advantage in leading the field by insisting on a kind of quasi-presidential response—i.e., sticking to the issues, avoiding nasty cat fights and showing a degree of magnanimity and stature that is a further attraction to voters.

Mr. Carter's opponents have accused him of being slick, of being long on blather and short on hard answers to hard questions. Obviously Mr. Carter thinks this is a bum rap, and in many respects—especially in relation to what his opponents themselves have been saying on the issues—it is. But there is at least some evidence that this charge has found a resonance in many voters' minds and, that being the case, there is only one way for him to respond to this charge and overwhelm it. That is for him to make the necessary extra effort to be more specific and better understood. We believe his exceptionally good statement on nuclear technology—its promises and its dangers—delivered last week, was precisely the kind of thoughtful, detailed and sophisticated approach to the issues that Jimmy

Carter should be taking. We believe his exchange of abuse with Gov. Brown of California in the Maryland primary was precisely the wrong kind of approach for him to be taking. Are the others "ganging up" on him? Of course they are. Did his so-called exercise in idealism fail in Maryland? Of course. But Mr. Carter had some fairly heavy machinery going for him in Michigan—it's not a crime. The fact is that Jimmy Carter was probably right the first time: People are looking for something more reassuring and uplifting than the old politics of name-calling, reaction and put-down.

This is all the more important for Mr. Carter, because if anything is certain, it is that the pressures are going to get heavier and worse for him before they ease up—one way or another. The three principal stop-Carter candidates are going to continue to pick their primaries carefully and yield to each other. Sen. Church awaits Mr. Carter in Idaho; he and Gov. Brown will try to do the job in Oregon. Rep. Udall will sit that one out and attempt to set other ambushes along the way. Mr. Carter can't win them all. But even while losing some he is likely to keep on acquiring delegates. He cannot, however, afford in this process to give the impression he has begun to give of a beleaguered, and now faltering, candidate who is hating back at the others out of anxiety and lack of confidence.

And that is exactly the problem President Ford, by a switch in his tactics, may have begun to overcome. To be sure, the political landscape, as viewed from the Ford White House, is far from serene. He is not even a bona fide front-runner at the moment. But he seems to us at any rate to be conducting at last the only kind of campaign that offers him the hope of success. If that's what the people of Maryland and Michigan were saying about the Ford campaign, it strikes us as logical for Mr. Carter to take that message under advisement. Jimmy Carter is still way out front. And he can still lose. The point is that the principal way by which he can lose—maybe the only way—is by losing his composure now.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Watch on Intelligence

When the temporary Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Activities goes out of business in two weeks after fifteen months of productive and responsible work under the chairmanship of Senator Church, it will be succeeded by a permanent watchdog committee with real powers to oversee the disparate intelligence community—the first such committee in U.S. history.

The effect of having a select committee on intelligence—which comes at least 20 years after it was originally proposed—could be twofold: It could improve the functioning of the intelligence agencies themselves because of close senatorial supervision, and end some of the worst practices of the past against the civil liberties of Americans.

A long train of abuses was revealed by the

Church committee, including CIA assassination plots, FBI electronic espionage against prominent persons and organizations, National Security Agency invasions of private cable messages, and an Army spy program against political dissenters.

There will still be safeguards for national security information; but the permanent committee will have the essential authority to look into budgetary requests, including those for secret intelligence activities that have been hidden in several other budgets in the past. Existing military committees will continue to exercise review powers, but the basic reform of establishing an independent intelligence committee has finally been achieved. The national security—and the nation—should benefit.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

'Global Coping'

To students, teachers, artists and scholars in 100 countries, "Fulbright" is the magic passport that opens new worlds of knowledge, understanding and experience. It has now been 30 years since the international exchange scholarship program was created by the Fulbright Act. In the early years, much of the program was financed with foreign currency acquired from the sale of war surplus property abroad. By 1961, the act was expanded and consolidated with other federal programs concerning educational exchange in the Fulbright-Hays Act. The program is under the overall supervision of a Board of Foreign Scholarships, appointed by the president. It is based on a series of bilateral agreements with the governments of other countries. A number of these governments also share the cost of the program. In many countries, nongovernmental academic institutions help administer it. So far, about 120,000 students, scholars and artists have been given the opportunity to broaden their horizons by study and travel in countries other than their own. Of these, 45,000 were Americans.

The Fulbright-Hays Board decided to mark the 30th anniversary of the program with a series of 10 regional alumni seminars rather than simply with ceremonial celebrations. All told, some 2,000 intellectual lead-

ers around the United States and a number of foreign scholars have participated in these seminars, which explored the meaning and potentials of educational exchange for both the United States and a troubled world. The meetings came to an end this week with a three-day symposium at the Freer Gallery of Art. The symposium attempted to assess the importance of international cultural exchange to our foreign policy. But the answer seems to be that there is no way to measure it except in general terms. The late historian Arnold Toynbee once called the Fulbright program one of the most generous and imaginative acts since World War II. Music critic Robert Taftman measures its impact in another way: At one point, he recalls, five out of seven stars of the Metropolitan Opera were former Fulbright scholars. Alumni have gone on to become prime ministers, Nobel prize winners, professors, parliamentarians and cultural leaders all over the world. As John Richardson Jr., the assistant secretary for educational and cultural affairs at the State Department, put it: The program has taught the United States "global coping—a sense of ease in dealing with the world and of discerning reality through the dust thrown up by the clash of ideologies."

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

May 22, 1901

ST. PETERSBURG—The sensational stories of labor riots in Russia are sufficiently dispensed of in an interview with a St. Petersburg mill owner. He says that the so-called riots are nothing more than the uproarious effects of too much drinking, a form of amusement to which, it seems, the Russian workman is peculiarly addicted.

Fifty Years Ago

May 22, 1926

PORTLAND, Ore.—A number of airplanes have been added to the forest patrol of the state as a part of the campaign inaugurated this season to prevent the recurrence of the disastrous fires which have ravaged the standing timber of the state in past years. The patrol work has already started with an efficient signaling system.



'You Certainly Don't Want Things Decided in That Little Back Room, Do You?'

How Best to Use Human Energy

By C.L. Sulzberger

OSLO—West Europe's impressive economic recovery after World War II's disruption and destruction depended upon four key factors: (1) Provision of adequate investment funds as initially made possible through the Marshall Plan; (2) Systematizing markets and tariffs as provided in the European Economic Community; (3) Availability of ample supplies of reasonably priced energy; and (4) A generous reservoir of labor.

In terms of a historic era, one can say this period terminated approximately in 1974, with the onset of the severe recession in 40 years. Phases (1) and (2) had already been well taken care of. But reliance on cheap petroleum came to an end with the Arab oil boycott in 1973. And the difficulty with which Europe initially faced this, including a severe economic setback, was soon reflected in the labor market.

Unesco, which has devoted much study to the subject, estimates that in 1973 over 10 million foreign workers held jobs in Common Market Europe, which comes to about 4 per cent of the EEC's entire population. The largest figures were for France (3,608,400), West Germany (2,539,400) and Britain (2,579,000).

EEC Has Bulk

Other countries, indeed, have many migrant workers, including Switzerland, Austria, the Arab States, Czechoslovakia (mainly Yugoslavs and Cypriots) and even Greece, where numerous Africans accept the poorest jobs. But the EEC represents by far the greatest proportion.

Today there are hundreds of thousands of Algerians, Portuguese and Spaniards in France; Turks, Greeks, Italians and Yugoslavs in West Germany; Indians and Pakistanis in Britain; Surinamese in the Netherlands; and Mexicans in Belgium. The Arab States were initially welcomed (and considerable numbers entered illegally). Nevertheless, there is some hostility to this modern form of indentured foreign labor, the travel expenses of which were often incurred by host enterprises.

Although local citizens avoid badly rewarded, EEC lands have recently started to exclude themselves against de facto ghetto areas like those where poor Algerians dwell. Jean-Paul Sartre explains: "The superexploitation of the African worker is necessary for the French capitalist economy."

An unpleasant atmosphere spread when the mid-1970s recession set in and Belgium, France and Germany started to exclude immigrant workers received (as entitled) unemployment insurance and, while continuing to reside abroad, sent home their meager compensation checks. Economic difficulties and a continuing high rate of unemployment in EEC lands have recently started to exclude immigrant laborers back to their original homelands. Thus many of the 900,000 Yugoslav-Germans or "guest workers" are being forced to return to Yugoslavia from West Germany.

The immediate result of this trend is to export recession or to heighten it in those countries least prepared to bear its strain. Yugoslavia already has an unemployment rate of 600,000 (about 11 per cent). Now it is reckoned that about 100,000 Yugoslavs per annum are being repatriated from Western Europe. Belgrade hopes an expanding economic policy may create new jobs; but the problem is difficult. Basically speaking, Common Market Europe today opposes further immigration, which is popular with its public opinion. But what will be the ultimate repercussions in such ill-prepared lands as Algeria, Morocco, Por-

tugal or Turkey when their colonies of workers abroad, who sent back regular remittances, now struggle home, with neither remittances nor jobs? Jonathan Power notes in "Western Europe's Migrant Workers" (and he quotes Robert McNamara) the choice is "between the political costs of reform and the political risks of rebellion." Several study groups are increasingly concerned with the problems involved.

Unesco urges that young migrant workers be allowed full participation in decisions concerning themselves and also be granted language instruction during and after their work. The Council of Europe has endorsed a proposal that all migrant workers should receive civil and political rights in their host countries.

But another field exists where perhaps greater results can be achieved: This is the planning of job programs in the workers' home countries or development of new centers where workers who cannot find jobs in their own lands may again seek employment abroad. Newly rich petroleum nations like Saudi Arabia and Libya are but one example. The former has already started recruiting in Europe's unemployment pool.

Nevertheless international coordination of such efforts is needed, whether by UN or subordinate agencies like Unesco or the International Labor Organization. Surely a floating source of labor, available when and where needed, is of value to the whole world, developed and developing. But it should be regulated by codes protecting workers against exploitation.

By James Reston

WASHINGTON—The cynical view of this capital that it blathers a lot about the evils of money and secrecy, but does very little about either of them. The popular charge is that it cannot or will not correct its own weaknesses, but the indictment is not quite true.

The Senate's decision to establish a permanent committee with broad powers to monitor the activities of the CIA, the FBI and other federal intelligence agencies is the latest and most dramatic refutation of the charge.

This committee will have authority to get the answers that have covered up the abuses of these intelligence agencies since their inception, and it will have control over their budgets.

A Watchdog

Anybody predicting a year or so ago that the Senate would have voted 72 to 23 to take these monsters by the throat would have been hoisted out of town as a dreaming idiot, but the long investigations and debates have finally produced a toothy watchdog.

It is less than two years since Richard Nixon left town, and Congress has been debating the errors of Vietnam and Watergate ever since. The job is far from over, but it has clearly made some progress.

The War Powers Act has given the Congress some control over the president's authority to wage war, as in Cambodia, without the consent of the federal legislature.

The Budget Control and Impoundment Act has increased the power of the Congress to police its own extravagant ways, and greatly limited the president's authority to impound funds appropriated by the Congress.

It has reformed the old corrupt practices of political campaign financing, perhaps not as effectively as it might, but again

ruin even for the strongest nations. Mrs. Gandhi and Mr. Bhutto are the best leaders India and Pakistan ever had. They are both strong-willed, sincere and honest; and both are trying not only to heal the wounds of long-time colonialism, but also fighting subversion, nepotism and corruption. So let us all help them, so that peace on the subcontinent will be an example for other warring nations.

Nevertheless international coordination of such efforts is needed, whether by UN or subordinate agencies like Unesco or the International Labor Organization. Surely a floating source of labor, available when and where needed, is of value to the whole world, developed and developing. But it should be regulated by codes protecting workers against exploitation.

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Avoiding Urban Mistakes Cities Fit for Men

By Jonathan Power

LONDON—"What did these vain and presumptuous men intend? How did they expect to raise this lofty mass against God, when they had built it above all the mountains and clouds of the earth's atmosphere?"—this is Saint Augustine writing about Babylon in his "City of God," yet it could easily be Robert Ward writing about "The Home of Man" in his new book prepared for Habitat, the UN Conference of Human Settlements, which opens in Vancouver at the end of the month. Or it could be Jonathan

Raban in his collected essays on metropolitan life, "Soft City." "The city," he writes, "has always been an embodiment of hope and a source of festering guilt: A dream pursued, and found vain, wanting and destructive." Saint Augustine wrote the "City of God" in a state of acerbic contemplation of a succession of earthly cities. The city of man, he believed, ought to be a harmonious reflection of the city of God; in actuality it is vulgar, corrupt, a place so brutish that it lacks even the dignity of the sabbath. Saint Augustine would surely write the same way today if he were in Chicago, Calcutta, Manila or Johannesburg.

Paton's Description
Johannesburg? Who can forget Alan Paton's dark description of that doomed city? "We shall live from day to day, and put more locks on the doors, and get a flea figure dog when the fine feline black next door has pups, and hold onto our landlady more and more, and the beauty of the trees by night and the raptures of lovers under the stars, these things shall we forgo. We shall forgo the coming-home drunken through the midnight streets and the evening walk over the starlit veldt. We shall be careful and knock this off our lives and that off our lives, and hedge ourselves about with safety and precaution."

Johannesburg, it is true, has its own peculiar burden, but what of us city dwellers? Would we have enough to say that this does not touch some primeval instinct we have that tells us this is the way our own city might go? But there is another instinct, close to us too, that orders us to construct a better city. Plato did this in his Republic. Napoleon III asked Baron Haussmann to build a beautiful Paris. Le Corbusier tried with his radiant city. But he was wrong. Recall Le Corbusier's 14 cardinal principles:

- The plan: totalitarian.
- The death of the street.
- Classification of simple speeds and complex speeds.
- Arrangements made to an

Without ever quite saying so openly, the Executive branch has been insisting for years that intelligence operations could not be effective in a disorderly world if they were subjected to the normal constitutional legislative and financial controls of the Congress. Sen. Fritz Mondale, D-Minn., called this a historic challenge: "Whether our unique system of constitutional checks and balances will be applied to the conduct of the multi-billion-dollar intelligence operations at home and abroad." The Senate finally decided that they should.

Debates
Many serious problems of reform remain and are still under debate; executive reorganization especially of the domestic departments and agencies; and improvement of Executive-congressional cooperation so that some kind of coherent planning and action can be achieved.

There is much talk of planning these days. John Gardner of Common Cause remarked recently, "and the opponents of planning shudder because they call to mind the Soviet five-year plans. They should stop worrying. On problems of any complexity, our government can't come up with a five-year plan. Long-range planning around here is how to get through the weekend."

This may be too pessimistic. Good news has gone out of style in Washington, and is scarcely recognized when it rises out of the turmoil, but reforms are being made ever so slowly, and the luxury of it is that much credit has to be given to Richard Nixon, who came to the White House promising a "reforming administration," and finally helped achieve it, though not according to his plan.

Help Thousands
Instead of the hard-core government spending \$4,000 a year to build concrete blocks for a 10 can keep its unit costs down \$300, with the opportunity to thousands more families. Rep. McNamara, the "World's Best President," is visibly excited at the potential for this kind of help improvement. He comes "Once upgraded projects pay legal tenure, the poor are not willing to spend on home improvement, but do so with mud-brick and ramshackle shacks, and remarkable few families can afford to move out of them. The new project, says work will keep most of the old structures. The illegal part of the squatters will now be reversed. Their new security tenure will act as an incentive to improve and renovate. As rubbish collection and sewerage will be provided. Schools health clinics are being built.

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Urban Sh...
Fit for...
Jonathan Pow...

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BUSINESS

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

FINANCE

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, MAY 22-23, 1976

Page 9

ound Drops a Record osing Low

pite Bank of U.K. ion on Lending Rate

NDON, May 21 (AP)—The pound plummeted to a record low today as an effort by the Bank of England to strengthen the currency through a one-percentage point increase in its minimum lending rate failed to impress foreign exchange markets.

The pound opened under pressure today, with selling apparent from all centers. "Nothing but one-way business," a dealer said.

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exico Said ot Ready to in OPEC

LAS, May 21 (AP)—Mexico does not intend to join the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries because it is not in that nation's economic interests, a high-ranking U.S. Treasury Department official said yesterday.

aid Parsky, assistant Treasury secretary for international affairs, said in an interview with the Dallas Times Herald that he had been told by Mexican Finance Secretary Mario Ramon that Mexico would not join OPEC because it would not be in its economic interests.

While pointing out the advantages of staying out, which Mexican officials acknowledge, he was not trying to create a "contention," Mr. Parsky said, he was not trying to break up the group.

my mind, the answer to the question is not to challenge OPEC, such as by advocating counter-embargoes, but to promote alternative sources of petroleum, such as in the U.S., Mr. Parsky said.

aid the United States to expand its exports to countries to make up for money spent on oil imports. "We are going to be in a position to import \$100 billion by 1985," Parsky said.

Alde Against Joining
NGUON, Mexico, May 21 (AP)—Finance Minister Beteta Wednesday he personally to Mexico would make a like if it joined OPEC at this time.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Exxon to Split Stock 2-for-1

Exxon directors have voted to recommend a 2-for-1 stock split and shareholders will be asked "in the near future" to approve a two-fold increase in the number of authorized shares to 500 million. The company emphasized that the recommended stock split "should not be construed to imply a forecast of earnings prospects or future dividends." Reducing the per share price of the outstanding stock is expected to broaden the market for the shares and increase the "liquidity" of the stock, it says. Exxon also notes that it plans record expenditures of \$1.9 billion over the next four years.

Xerox Sees Net Above \$300 Million

Xerox expects after-tax earnings this year to top \$300 million and says directors will be considering an increase in the company's common share dividend later this year. In 1975, Xerox earned \$341.6 million before a loss of \$97.3 million from discontinued mainframe computer operations and had net income after the loss of \$244.3 million. In 1974, the company earned \$229.3 million. Xerox is in "better shape than ever," in terms of present and long-term strengths, despite its 1975 earnings decline, says chairman C. Peter McCoolough. He says Xerox's balance sheet is strong, its cash flow solid, and its capital resources "sufficient." President Archie McCardell adds that Xerox remains confident of achieving its long-term goal of an

average annual growth rate of at least 15 per cent in revenues and profits and expects revenues to reach \$8 billion by 1980.

BMW Plans Dividend Increase

Bayrische Motoren Werke (BMW) will propose at its annual meeting on July 27 to raise the dividend for 1975 to 9 deutsche marks per share from 7 DM paid for 1974. BMW says it will also propose raising the share capital by 30 million DM to 330 million DM on the basis of one new share for each ten shares held. The shares will be sold at par value, or 50 DM. The 1976 dividend payment on the new shares will amount to half the regular dividend.

Japan Steel Makers to Lift Prices

Kawasaki Steel and Nippon Kokan are increasing prices on all major steel items averaging 10,000 yen per ton, the Japanese trade report. The price boost will be effective on July-August deliveries. Nippon Steel and Sumitomo Metal Industries are expected to follow suit early next week. The increases will be the third since last summer. Steelmakers claim they are now producing major items at an average loss of 10,000 yen per ton due to higher prices for raw materials and increased production costs. Nippon Kokan and Kawasaki are taking the lead in the current round of increases to take the pressure off Nippon Steel, which has been accused by Japan's Fair Trade Commission of leading an industry "conspiracy" to mark up prices in the two previous rounds, a Kawasaki spokesman says.

Tighter Fed Policy Is Expected

U.S. Money Supply Surges by \$2 Billion

By Douglas W. Cray

WASHINGTON, May 21 (NYT).

The U.S. money supply showed a sharp \$2-billion increase in the week ended May 12, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York reported yesterday.

The latest increase appeared to add fuel to marketplace concerns that a tighter monetary policy may be in the offing at the Fed.

The Fed's "benchmark revisions" made quarterly for the last several years, include deposit figures from commercial banks that are not members of the Federal Reserve. These deposit figures are given to the Fed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The benchmark revisions included in the data released yesterday did not include actual monetary aggregate levels except for those for the weeks ended May 5 and May 12.

However, revised annual growth rates were made available. Dating back to the last three months of 1975, these revised growth rates showed a lower rate in M-1 and a higher rate of growth in M-2.

The annual growth rate in M-1 in the first quarter of this year, for example, was 4.5 per cent below the benchmark revisions and 4.2 per cent after the revisions. On the other hand, the M-2 growth rate in the first quarter was 11.1 per cent prior to the revisions and 11.3 per cent after the revisions.

The revisions, though customary and expected, nonetheless occur at a time when considerable marketplace attention is being given to money-supply growth rates. Monetary aggregates have been rising and this has led to considerable conjecture as to how much leeway the central bank will accept before suffering its monetary policies.

Benchmark revisions aside, the latest banking data did show that short-term rates in the money markets had moved up another notch. The latest increase was consistent with what market participants have perceived as a

recent rise in the rate of federal funds encouraged by the Fed. In the week ended May 19 the rate on federal funds—excess reserves commercial banks may lend one another—averaged 5.38 per cent. This was up 36 basis points from the average for the preceding week. A basis point is one hundredth of a percentage point.

Third World States Say Upturn In West Will Be Weak, Brief

NAIROBI, May 21 (AP)—Analysts from poor nations believe the current economic recovery in the West may be weak, short-lived and followed by another global recession, a survey showed yesterday.

The Third World analysts say the danger year could be 1978, and that much depends on how well the developed countries can

sustain and control growth. They say loose economic reins could allow another double-figure cost spiral, while too-tight controls could stifle the recovery and lead to a downturn more pronounced than in 1974-75.

Economists from industrial powers reject this view, although some European spokesmen gathered in Nairobi have emphasized a need for careful management of the upswing.

A U.S. official said poor nations seeking vast international reforms would naturally make gloomy predictions about the present system. He said the recovery in Europe, the United States and Japan "shows every sign of being a measured and sustainable one that will go on for several years."

Economists were interviewed during the month-long fourth United Nations Conference on Trade and Development.

Some 110 Third World countries have expressed at the meetings ideological and philosophical objections to free-market systems that, they say, benefit only a rich elite.

They are calling for market controls and a multi-billion-dollar program of aid and technology to forestall what they forecast as an eventual revolt of the poor around the world.

Industrial nations concede the necessity of doing more for underdeveloped regions but, with some exceptions, balk at anything more than extending or adjusting existing mechanisms.

Talks Deadlocked
NAIROBI, May 21 (Reuters)—The United talks were deadlocked today on the key issues of commodities and Third World debt.

Informal sources said hopes for success were now concentrated on diplomatic moves outside Nairobi, and particularly on U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's scheduled weekend talks with the West German government in Bonn.

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GNP in U.S. Tops the Pre-Recession Peak

WASHINGTON, May 21 (AP)—The U.S. economic recovery achieved a milestone when the gross national product in the first three months of this year surpassed the production peak reached before the recession, new government figures show.

The Commerce Department report yesterday also showed that inflation was less severe than originally estimated during the period and that corporate cash flow improved, holding out hope of a further boost for the economy from business investment.

In a report today the Commerce Department said that factory orders for durable goods rose a seasonally adjusted 0.5 per cent last month to \$48.16 billion.

The small rise follows increases of 5.5 per cent in March and 4.2 per cent in February.

The GNP, or total output of goods and services, rose at an annual rate of 5.5 per cent in volume during the quarter instead of the 7.5 per cent growth originally estimated last month. Bigger investment and restocking of inventories were primarily responsible for the change.

The growth rate compared to a 5-per-cent advance at the end of last year and pushed the value of gross national product in inflation-adjusted dollars to an annual rate of \$1,241.2 billion. In the fourth quarter of 1975, when the recession began, GNP stood at an annual rate of \$1,240.9 billion.

At the White House, press secretary Ron Nessen said: "The President's economists feel this revision is consistent with other upward trends and other upward revisions."

Mr. Nessen said that the revision showed the economy was "moving ahead faster than the December projections" and perhaps even faster than the estimates made at the end of the first quarter.

To Surpass Forecast
Maynard Comiez, acting chief economist for the Commerce Department, said the bigger growth rate virtually assured that GNP for the entire year will surpass the 6.2-per-cent increase originally expected by the administration.

He said he would not be surprised to see growth in the 6.5-per-cent to 7-per-cent range for the year.

At the same time, the Commerce Department revised downward the inflation rate as measured by the GNP accounts to show an increase at an annual rate of 3.5 per cent instead of

the 3.7 per cent originally reported. That compared to a 6.8-per-cent inflation rate in the previous quarter.

In a report today, the Labor Department said consumer prices increased 0.4 per cent in April.

The increase was the highest price rise since January and was twice as large as the March increase of 0.2 per cent. However, it still was well within the Ford administration's prediction for an overall 6-per-cent increase in prices during all of 1976.

The Labor Department said the price of food rose 0.8 per cent during April, the first rise since

a 0.6-per-cent rise in December. Food prices had declined during the first three months of 1976 by a total of 2 per cent.

The department said the consumer price index stood at 168.2 in April, meaning that goods which cost \$100 in a base period in 1967 cost \$168.20 last month.

In its report yesterday, the Commerce Department said after-tax corporate profits for the first quarter climbed at a rate of \$4.4 billion to an annual rate of \$84.3 billion. That compared with a \$1.1-billion increase in the previous quarter.

What made the increase partic-

ularly noteworthy, according to Mr. Comiez, was that "the quality of profits improved."

After factoring out those items, corporate profits from current production climbed at an annual rate of \$5.1 billion in the first quarter compared with a \$2.2-billion decline in the previous quarter.

That means a larger cash flow for corporations, Mr. Comiez said. Better cash flow enables increased business spending and reduces borrowing needs, thus helping dampen any upward pressure on interest rates for consumers as well as business.

Cash Supply, Loan Rate Rises Hit Stocks

NEW YORK, May 21 (NYT)—Prices closed sharply lower on the New York Stock Exchange today, with interest rates rising and the money supply expanding explosively.

The Dow Jones industrial average was down 5.52 points to 990.73. Declining issues outpaced advances by about 900 to 540.

Volume totaled 18.73 million shares compared with 22.56 million yesterday.

The Federal Reserve reported

a new strong gain in the U.S. money supply, and brokers said investors feared further tightening of credit would hurt the economic recovery.

Short-term interest rates have been sharply higher recently because of the Fed credit tightening. Brokers said investors were also disappointed that a mid-session recovery attempt failed.

Rockwell International dropped 1 7/8 to 30 1/8 after a delayed opening. The Senate yesterday

voted to delay production of Rockwell's B-1 bomber at least until next February.

Today, administration officials said they were hopeful Congress will overturn yesterday's Senate vote on the B-1 bomber.

General Motors lost a point to 69 7/8, although GM's chairman Thomas Murphy reiterated to the firm's annual meeting his optimism about the outlook for auto industry car sales.

R.J. Reynolds lost 7/8 to 58.

Also lower were IBM down 4 1/8 to 253 1/2, Atlantic Richfield 2 to 98 1/4, Utah International 2 1/8 to 53 7/8, Eastman Kodak 1 3/8 to 100 7/8, and Digital Equipment 3 1/8 to 163 3/4. Du Pont fell 1 3/8 to 154 5/8.

Strong commercial and local buying in the last hour of trading lifted soybean and oat prices on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Corn gained slightly and wheat was mixed. Soybeans were inconclusive through the mid-session but came back strongly, closing as much as 6 cents higher with some help from meal.

Israel Devalues by 2%

TEL AVIV, May 21 (AP)—Israel devalued its currency by 2 per cent yesterday, Radio Israel announced. There will be 7.82 Israeli pounds to the dollar, compared to the current 7.87 pounds. The devaluation is the 11th since November, 1974.

Market Closed

The Amsterdam stock exchange was closed Friday for a local holiday.

Société Générale de Banque in 1975

Société Générale de Banque, Belgium's leading bank, has just published its annual report which was submitted to the General Meeting of shareholders on 27 April 1976.

	as at 31.12.74	BF	as at 31.12.75	%
Balance sheet total	445,895,555,284		510,041,808,500	+14.4%
Deposits and cash certificates	263,497,445,683		309,342,753,469	+17.4%
Bankers' deposits	130,369,910,216		144,010,847,729	+10.5%
Credits to the private sector - provision of funds or signature - Public bills and securities	233,677,223,808		273,091,057,461	+16.9%
General overheads excluding corporation tax	11,118,505,674		13,549,975,762	+21.9%
Net cash flow (net profit - depreciation)	2,620,845,903		2,825,906,863	+7.8%

Net profit for the year was 1,361.9 million BF in 1975 against 1,305 million BF in 1974, a rise of 4.4%.

Under the economic recovery legislation, the 1975 dividend cannot exceed the highest amount paid during the last three financial years. The General Meeting approved the payment of a dividend identical to that paid in 1974, that is BF 175.- net on old shares and BF 43.75 net on new shares.

HIGHLIGHTS OF 1975

- Increase in the Bank's own funds
- Increase in the Bank's capital by the issue of new shares for 2,081 million francs
- Issue of a subordinated loan of 2,000 million francs
- The Bank's own funds (with capital and reserves) increased by 1,317 million (1975) against 1,200 million (1974); profit brought forward reached 16,912 million BF, an increase of 35.6%.
- Services to the Business Community
- Credits granted to the private sector rose by 17% against 19% in 1974.
- Participation in several public issues of new shares, representing an amount of 1,247 million BF.
- Preliminary arrangements and placement of debt-free loans issued by 20 companies, both Belgian and foreign; these issues totalled 16,875 million BF.
- Participation in 183 private placements of foreign currency loans issued on the international market
- Introduction of Bell Canada shares onto the Brussels stock exchange
- Further expansion in Eurocurrency credits, either term loans or more often roll over credits. This growth has been achieved while maintaining a careful selection of borrowers.
- In 1975 the Bank's arbitrage department achieved a slightly higher turnover in comparison with the previous year, controls over the execution of transactions were also tightened.

Subsidiaries and Representative Offices

- Sustained activity of Subsidiaries throughout the world
- Appreciable growth of new affiliates: Banque Belge (France) and Banque Européenne pour l'Afrique Latine (BEAL)
- Acquisition of holdings in 2 African banks: In Senegal and the Ivory Coast
- Expansion of operations on the Japanese market through the Tokyo office.

Société Générale de Banque - Montagne du Parc, 3 B-1000 Brussels

Viking Resources International N.V.

N.A.V. at 30-4-76
51722 (D.F. 4674)

INFORMATION:
Inventories, a. P. H. N. V.
Hervestrecht 24, Amsterdam.

— 1975 — Stocks and Bonds

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MAY 21 1976 (In French)

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(Continued on next page)

13040 Abbott		9121	12	75%	
21275 Abby Glen		65%	5%	97%	%
1750 Acklands	A	385	325	137%	
100 Aggs Ind		54%	6%	95%	
1000 Agrico E		395	385	100%	
1000 Agri Ind	A	54%	6%	95%	
100 Alfa Mar		82%	2%	1%	
100 Alminex		55%	2%	5%	%
1000 Alton		54%	5%	95%	
3480 BP C	N	816%	10%	101%	%
1000 Benist	C N S	54%	6%	95%	
1002 Bepi		541%	41%	141%	%
100 Babes S		50%	5%	95%	
1000 Baf Corp		54%	5%	95%	
100 Baf Corp		54%	5%	95%	
100 Baf Corp		54%	5%	95%	
4000 Block Bros		40%	40%	100%	
3000 Block Bros		40%	40%	100%	
3000 Block Bros		40%	40%	100%	
3000 Block Bros		40%	40%	100%	
1000 Bromfield		71%	7%	97%	
3000 Brenda M		71%	7%	97%	
1000 Bridges		67%	6%	97%	%

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11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-10

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20 May 1976

Montreal 56

390	Algebra	\$	200k
1100	Asbestos	\$	50
6922	Basic Math	\$	155k
600	Basic Res	\$	70
900	Bombard	205	
100	Can Cement	\$	103k
1100	Can Indust	\$	24
300	Can Int'l	\$	14k
500	Cancon	\$	75k
201	Can Bath	\$	24k
1350	Dom. Bridges	\$	35
2400	Fnci Col	\$	210
100	Gas Metro	\$	6k
275	Imasco	\$	204k
306	Molson A	\$	16
275	Power Co	\$	9k
300	Royal A	\$	164k
700	Royal B	\$	64k
4485	Royal C	\$	29k
300	Roy Trusts	\$	25k
300	Stearns A	\$	17
700	Zellers	\$	460

New Highs and

Evidence

NEW HIGH-5s	
Prod Inc	Emhart of vt
ax: 5.35p	Evans Min
oct 3p	Evans Pd
	Evans Co
star Co	FedPac Bd
ated pf A	Frueh Corp
Co: 5.35p	Harle Bank
Co: 5.35p	Hart Co
whn: OH	Idland St
Co: 5.35p	Joni-Lu pf A
Co: 5.35p	Kear, Allen
Co: 5.35p	Lifton Ind
Co: 5.35p	Lifton pcp
Co: 5.35p	Mohy Corp
Co: 5.35p	Monoy Ind
Co: 5.35p	Morse Shoe
Co: 5.35p	NIHUS Inc
Co: 5.35p	NorAm Coal
Co: 5.35p	Stong 5.35p
Co: 5.35p	Pac Lumber

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Home	Comer	Edis
DGds	ComEd	Awt
Hold	ComEd	Awt

CHIEF	CHIEF	CHIEF
Dun Bradst	Dun Bradst	Dun Bradst
Parah Mfg	Parah Mfg	Parah Mfg

MapVa. n	Fisher, For.	0
Gas. El.	FlaPowLI	3
Gas. Co.	Gas. Clean	3

Cold	Hessford pf	7
Palm	Jeff = P/R	V

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Spanish Cost of Living

MADRID, May 21 (A

2.03 per cent in April

total increase of 5.82
the four first month

...the National Ins
...reported

Abstract

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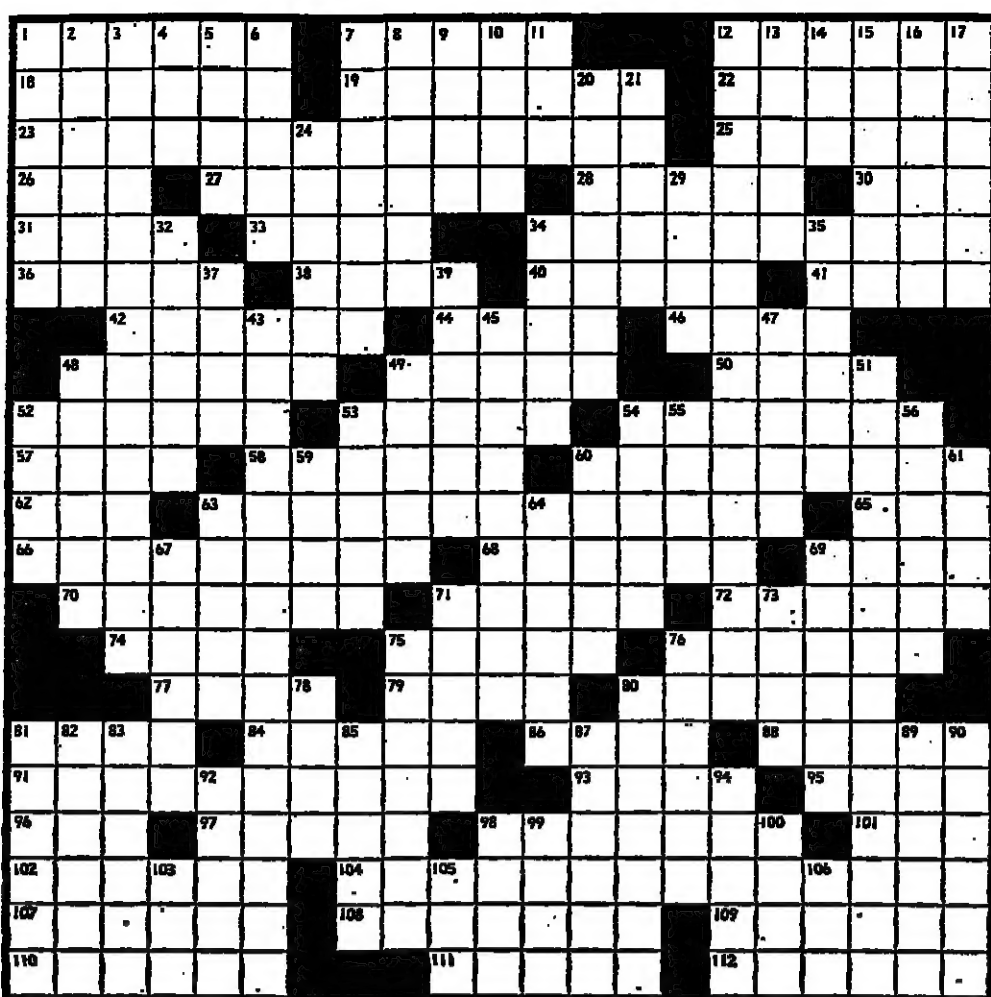
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Edited by
WILL WENG

TRouble SPOTS—By Jack Luzzatto



ACROSS		ACROSS
7 Woman guard		68 Prelude to murder, often
9 Dinner course		69 Navalنعرف
12 Commuter wear		70 Redating side
13 Snake's head		80 Aramaic tongue
14 Lizard		81 Waterless
19 Green shade's		79 Fastened a
22 Lawes, for one		82 Shells resp
23 Room with a		83 Partle at partle
rack		77 Blank spot
25 " " "		74 "Able"
" death!"		
26 Slip away		73 Pineapples,
27 Scourge follower		in Spain
28 Brough's		76 Surrender by
painting style		death
29 Vagabond for		77 River of
short		England
31 On		79 Fellowship:
32 Toots of		Aster.
Broadway		76 Low bound dog
33 Passages to		81 Alpaca
nowhere		80 Heated coal
36 Certain prisoner		86 Taunt
by word		87 Title pattern
38 Undressed		81 Half charm is
41 Thomas		lost
42 Swaps		83 Jealousy
43 Ball's land		82 Sodium soap
44 Big half-d-		80 Of shield
45 Was red in		87 Big Russian lake
46		26 Guided
49 Noises		121 ————
50 Clammy		(drop a suit)
53 Public		102 Application
tankards		of alcohol
55 Boat covers		164 Brail
54 Slackening		107 Access
to sails		109 Were robust
57 Girl		109 Unobvious
58 Skipper's		110 Dispose of a
garment		merchandise
59 Loud and		111 Old or vain
demanding		122 Town Leader
60 Grampus		swam down

DOWN		DOWN
1 Like a bishop's		7 Military areas
headdress		8 Elopement
2 S.A., rodent		9 Embroidered link
3 Lambs' tail		10 Salvation,
hair-raiser		for one
4 Start of a drums		11 Little bit
sound		12 Warmed with
5 Barden		a point
6 Noddy		13 Arkish delight?
7		14 Unit of water

[illegible]

16 Safe, as members	DOWN resembling members	34 Grove of old Nagasaki site	52 Animal for a show	80 Moves gradually
17 Swift, as Nietzsche	35 Swift as looked like a Nietzsche	35 Grove of old Nagasaki site	53 Animal for a show	81 Wallows in program
18 Simen— (card case)	36 Meekness with a wallop	36 Grove of old Nagasaki site	54 Hasty event	82 Lacking mental
19 Scotland and with	37 Meekness in a jail	37 Grove of old Nagasaki site	55 Hasty event	83 (defect alloy)
20 Nuremberg	38 Sprays for muggers	38 Grove of old Nagasaki site	56 Ostrich or cunt	84 Second with
21 Juan, Kyn and failed	39 Sprays for muggers	39 Grove of old Nagasaki site	57 Cleveland's water	85 Colours
22 Bagpiper and failed	40 Wild pinn and failed	40 Grove of old Nagasaki site	58 Intolerance	86 Remembrance
23	41 Wild pinn and failed	41 Grove of old Nagasaki site	59 Intolerance	87 Remembrance
24	42 Wild pinn and failed	42 Grove of old Nagasaki site	60 Intolerance	88 Remembrance
25	43 Wild pinn and failed	43 Grove of old Nagasaki site	61 Intolerance	89 Remembrance
26	44 Wild pinn and failed	44 Grove of old Nagasaki site	62 Intolerance	90 Remembrance
27	45 Wild pinn and failed	45 Grove of old Nagasaki site	63 Intolerance	91 Remembrance
28	46 Wild pinn and failed	46 Grove of old Nagasaki site	64 Intolerance	92 Remembrance
29	47 Wild pinn and failed	47 Grove of old Nagasaki site	65 Intolerance	93 Remembrance
30	48 Wild pinn and failed	48 Grove of old Nagasaki site	66 Intolerance	94 Remembrance
31	49 Wild pinn and failed	49 Grove of old Nagasaki site	67 Intolerance	95 Remembrance
32	50 Wild pinn and failed	50 Grove of old Nagasaki site	68 Intolerance	96 Remembrance
33	51 Wild pinn and failed	51 Grove of old Nagasaki site	69 Intolerance	97 Remembrance

BOOKS

SHAKESPEARE

AND THE REVOLUTION OF THE TIMES

By Harry Levin. Oxford University Press. 334 pp. \$15.

Reviewed by Thomas Lask

THE rather majestic title of Harry Levin's collected essays on Shakespeare and other Elizabethan dramatists does the author a disservice in a way. It suggests a volume of narrow scholarly concerns, perhaps ponderous investigation of the upheavals in Shakespeare's day and his place in them. Levin, who teaches at Harvard, makes clear that the "Revolution" refers to the changes wrought by time, not that he wants us to see Shakespeare in his time, to see him in ours, and to follow his progress from one to the other. In doing so, he has provided some superb reading, meaty and challenging, whether he is dealing with the way Shakespeare utilizes or overcomes the limitations of his stage, the habit of dogmatic commentators to force the most capacious of poets into a single mold, why certain scenes of the plays were probably more convincingly conveyed under Elizabethan stage conditions than under ours, and why Shakespeare occupies the places he does in our consciousness. One of the essays is so insightful ("The Shakespearean Impulse") that it should be included at the end of it to lean back and think through all that is implied in that short but powerful paper.

the Shakespeare plays as surmount documents in the twin chronicles of fascism and Communism. Where Kott wrenches the plays out of their orbits to fit ellipses of his own making, Levin is probably right. But Kott can provide startling insights of his own.

In one chapter in "Shakespeare Our Contemporary," Kott came up against the psychologically troubling passage in "Richard III" in which Anne succumbs to the blandishments of Richard of Gloucester, who had murdered her husband and father-in-law. Kott's commentary cited those French women who in World War II collaborated with the Germans who had just killed their fathers and husbands. It was a disturbing but striking gloss that made an improbable scene humanly possible.

"Falsely Unnoticed" is altogether beginning in showing how clever and resourceful Shakespeare was in making up for the limitations of the stage. The plays are full of horses of all sorts who show up in our minds singly and in ranks, but never on the stage.

"Shakespeare's imagery," Levin writes so pervasively with terms of horsemanship, and his descriptive passages are such a vivid substitute for the actual appearance of horses, that we seldom miss the animals themselves." The value of the essays is that such close reading alerts the player to the small details of Shakespeare whose effect he has felt but whose cause he has overlooked.

The finest essay in scope and fruitfulness, however, is the one referred to, "The Shakespearean Overplot," which can be defined as one "that looks backward and forward from the highest vantage point over the broadest area, reaffirming those principles of social and cosmic order Ulysses enunciated in 'Troilus and Cressida'."

It is, if I understand it aright, the moral order in which the plays take place. To lose sight of the overplot is to diminish the dimensions of the play. For a director.

The idea is akin to A.C. Bradley's observation that villainy is never left victorious at the close of Shakespeare's plays. The violation of the moral law leaves a fissure in the Shakespearean universe that like a geological fault closes up impressively but inexorably so that that particular event is not undone.

"Shakespeare and the Revolution of the Thirteenth" is as impressive in detail as it is in the larger judgments. It is hard which to admire more, the scholarship contained in it or the uses to

Thomas Lask is a New York Times book reviewer.

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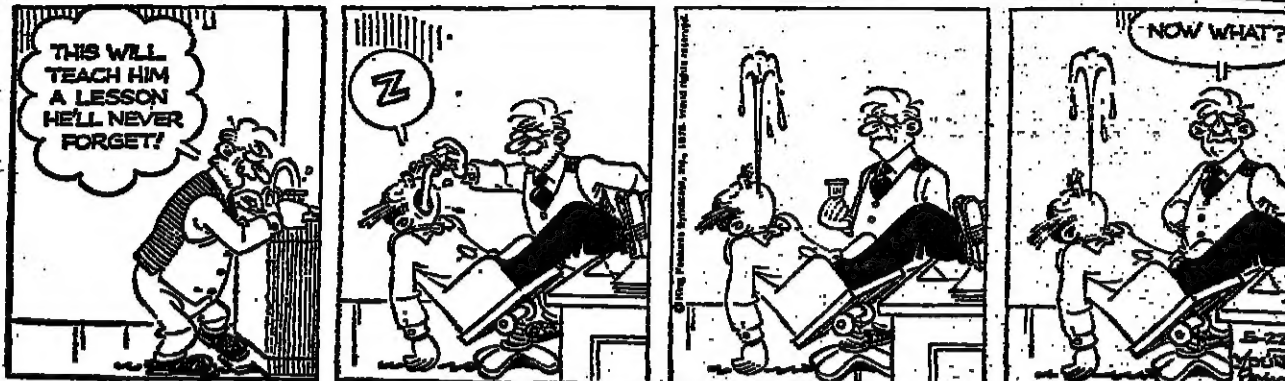
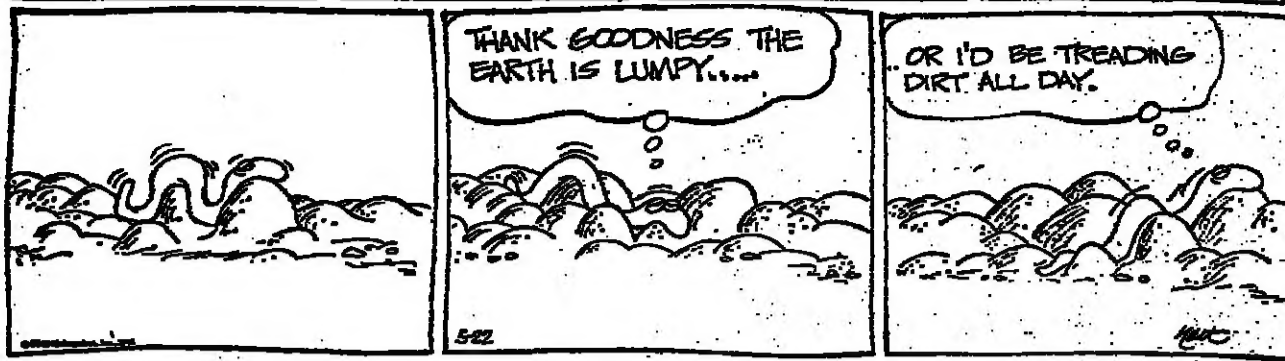
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(d) Udon	SP72	
(c) Udon	SP134	
(v) Crosby Fund S.A.	\$4.31	
(w) D.G.O.	\$1.18	
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.)	\$1.18	
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l.	\$12.54	
(d) Dreyfus Int'l. Inv.	\$12.13	
(w) Europe Obligations	LP1, 112	
SEPCO:		
(w) Sepru (N.A.V.)	\$12.	
(d) OEP Fund	SP24	
(d) I.N.F. Fund N.V.	\$7.	
(w) SMC Special Fund	DM55.	
SOFID GROUPS GENERAL:		
(c) Parion Sw. S. Res.	SP1.5	
(c) Snowswest	SP2	
(d) Soroa Fund	\$22.	

[illegible][illegible]

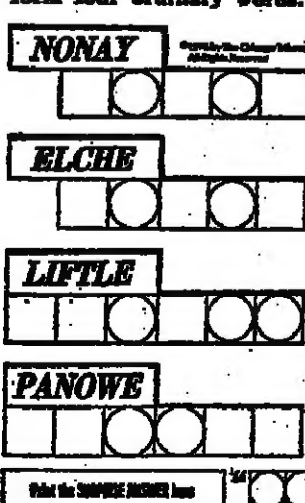
**B
C**



DENNIS THE MENACE

JUMBLE—*that scrambled word game*

Unscramble these four Jambies, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.



**WHAT THE MILK
FARMER'S DAUGHTER
SAID**

Now arrange the circled letters
to form the surprise answer, as
suggested by the above cartoon.



"DON'T GET THE SITTER THAT SHAKES ME, MOM.
CALL THE NICE ONE WHO LAUGHS EVERYTHING OFF."

But Pitcher Lee Is Hurt

Red Sox Win Yankee Battle

NEW YORK, May 21 (UPI)—It didn't have to be a psychological battle at Yankee Stadium last night to predict that something was going to happen in the first of the season between the Yankees and the Boston Red Sox, defending champions of American League.

It was May, springtime, the 30th of 163 regularly scheduled games, the air was of the kind of electricity that had been in the air since the Red Sox opened the season with a 5-2 victory over the Yankees.

For a minute it looked as if the umpires had kept the violence to a minimum, but then it broke out again. This time it was Graig Nettles, the Yankee third baseman, punching Lee and suddenly the battle was engaged again, but twice as fiercely.

Nettles and Lee were ejected, with Reggie Cleveland taking over on the mound for Boston. Two players were ejected and fans threw bottles, then and angered, the Red Sox went on to hit three home runs in the last three innings. Astruzski hit a pair to turn five homers in two.

Lee, the Red Sox's stylish pitcher, hurled, was the pitcher up in the heat of the field his left arm. At Lenox Hospital, Lee learned that torn his shoulder capsule, up the ligaments and be out for an indefinite most likely the season. did it happen? There

were two out in the Yankee sixth when Lou Piniella tried to score from second base on Otto Velez's hit to right. For the second time in the game, Dwight Gooden, the Boston right fielder, threw to the plate to catch a Yankee runner. Only this time, Piniella tried to bowl over Carlton Fisk, the catcher.

Fisk went flying, but he held the ball for the third out. Then he jumped on Piniella, who was still stretched out in front of home plate. Both players flailed away as all the remaining players surged from the dugouts.

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Carl Yastrzemski

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE				
Team	W	L	Pct	GB
Atlanta	21	8	.724	—
Los Angeles	20	10	.667	2 1/2
San Francisco	19	11	.633	3 1/2
Philadelphia	18	12	.600	4 1/2
St. Louis	17	13	.563	5 1/2
Montreal	16	14	.531	6 1/2
Chicago	15	15	.500	7 1/2
Pittsburgh	14	16	.464	8 1/2
Cincinnati	13	17	.433	9 1/2
San Diego	12	18	.400	10 1/2
Washington	11	19	.364	11 1/2
St. Paul	10	20	.333	12 1/2
Arizona	9	21	.300	13 1/2
Colorado	8	22	.267	14 1/2
San Jose	7	23	.233	15 1/2
Los Angeles	6	24	.200	16 1/2
San Francisco	5	25	.167	17 1/2
Philadelphia	4	26	.133	18 1/2
St. Louis	3	27	.100	19 1/2
Montreal	2	28	.067	20 1/2
Chicago	1	29	.033	21 1/2
Pittsburgh	0	30	.000	22 1/2

Wednesday's, Thursday's Line Scores

WEDNESDAY				
Team	W	L	Pct	GB
Atlanta	21	8	.724	—
Los Angeles	20	10	.667	2 1/2
San Francisco	19	11	.633	3 1/2
Philadelphia	18	12	.600	4 1/2
St. Louis	17	13	.563	5 1/2
Montreal	16	14	.531	6 1/2
Chicago	15	15	.500	7 1/2
Pittsburgh	14	16	.464	8 1/2
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Montreal	2	28	.067	20 1/2
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Pittsburgh	0	30	.000	22 1/2

THURSDAY

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Team	W	L	Pct	GB
Atlanta	21	8	.724	—
Los Angeles	20	10	.667	2 1/2
San Francisco	19	11	.633	3 1/2
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Ed Figueroa had shut out the Red Sox to that point, but suddenly the Yankee right-hander couldn't get any one on the aroused Red Sox club.

Angels 6, Rangers 3
At Arlington, Texas, Bruce Bochte singled in a run and Andy Stacharow doubled home two to break an eighth-inning 3-3 tie and give California a 6-3 victory over the Rangers.

Royals 5, A's 4
At Kansas City, John Mayberry drove home four runs and the Royals had a five-run seventh inning to post an 8-4 victory over Oakland. Trading 4-2 going into the seventh inning, the Royals took advantage of five hits—including a misjudged triple to right field by George Brett—a walk, a wild pitch and three mistakes by the A's.

White Sox 2, Twins 2
At Chicago, Rich Gossage scattered seven hits and rookie Kent Lemon drove in a run and scored another as the White Sox won their third straight game, a 3-2 decision over Minnesota. Pat Kelly's first-inning triple and Rich Coggins' run-scoring single got the White Sox their first run, while Brian Downing doubled and scored on Lemon's single in the second.

Phillies 5, Mets 3
At New York, Philadelphia got to Tom Seaver for four runs in the first inning and held on to beat the Mets, 5-3. Dave Kingman of the Mets and Philadelphia's Mike Schmidt hit their 15th home runs.

Expos 3, Cubs 0
At Montreal, newly acquired Andre Thornton belted a two-run homer in the fifth inning while Woody Fryman and Dale Murray combined on a seven-hitter in a 3-0 victory by the Expos over Chicago. Thornton, acquired for pitcher Steve Renko and outfielder Larry Bittner in a trade with the Chicago Cubs earlier in the week, hit his third homer, in the fifth, after Jerry White reached base on a fielder's choice.

Astros 5, Padres 4
At San Diego, Joe Niekro and Ken Forsch combined to pitch a four-hitter, and Bob Watson contributed his third homer as Houston edged the Padres, 5-4. Niekro, now 2-3 and trying for his first complete game since Aug. 9 of last year, was forced out in the sixth inning when he was jolted at the plate by Willie Davis, who was scoring on a passed ball. Forsch took over and retired seven straight before allowing Dave Winfield's ninth-inning homer.

Giants 6, Reds 5
At San Francisco, Gary Matthews snapped an eighth-inning tie with a sacrifice fly to give the Giants a 6-5 victory over Cincinnati. George Foster's homer had tied the score at 5-5 in the top of the eighth.

Dodgers 3, Braves 2
At Los Angeles, Steve Garvey singled to left to score Bill Buckner with two out in the ninth inning and give the Dodgers a 3-2 victory over Atlanta. Garvey's single came off Max Leon, the fourth Atlanta pitcher, after Buckner and Dusty Baker reached base with two-out singles against Elias Sosa, now 3-4.

Cardinals 4, Pirates 1
At St. Louis, Mike Tyson's two-run single capped a four-run outburst against Pittsburgh starter George Medich in the first inning and the Cardinals went on to score a 4-1 victory.

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Team America Is Melting Pot of Soccer

WASHINGTON, May 21 (UPI)—Members of Team America, including Pele of Brazil and players from Ireland, England, Poland, Scotland, Peru, Portugal and Trinidad, began assembling yesterday for an opening match against Italy Sunday in a six-game Bicentennial tournament.

The 22 stars from the North American Soccer League arrived here to begin tune-up practices under coach Ken Murphy of the New York Cosmos in preparation for matches against Italy, England and Brazil during the next eight days.

Among the arrivals checking in were Irish American-born players. Bus Pele, North Ireland's George Best and England's Bobby Moore are the backbone of the U.S. squad.

Sponsors of the event at Robert F. Kennedy Stadium were hopeful the kick-off game against Italy would draw 40,000 fans—the largest soccer crowd in Washington, D.C. history.

In addition to the Team America-Italy match Sunday, Brazil will meet England at Los Angeles the same day.

Next Friday, Team America plays Brazil at Seattle and England goes against Italy at New York.

The Bicentennial Cup series ends Monday, May 31, with Team America facing England at

Philadelphia and Brazil opposing Italy at New Haven, Conn.

Near a Repeat
PARIS, May 21 (UPI)—World Cup soccer champion West Germany and runner-up, the Netherlands are favored to meet towards another confrontation by eliminating Spain and Belgium tomorrow in the second-leg quarterfinals of the European Nations Cup.

The Dutch travel to Brussels after having routed Belgium, 5-0, on home ground last month and even a reshaped Belgian line-up, under new coach Guy Thys, cannot hope to wipe out the first-leg deficit.

The Netherlands' semi-final opponents will be the winners of the Soviet Union-Czechoslovakia match in Kiev where the Czechoslovaks defended a 2-0 lead and a 30-game winning streak.

Home advantage should be enough to see West Germany through against Spain after holding the Spaniards to a 1-1 draw in Madrid. The Germans, defending the title they won by defeating the Soviet Union, 3-0, in the 1972 final, face a Spanish team decimated by injuries.

Victory for the Germans will line them up against Wales or Yugoslavia, who clash at Cardiff, where the Yugoslavs defend a 2-0 advantage.

Suns Come a Long Way to NBA Final

By Sam Goldaper

NEW YORK, May 20 (UPI)—The National Basketball Association final, which begins Sunday, is between the Phoenix Suns, the new kids on the block, and the Boston Celtics, the old ones.

There has never been such a one-sided pairing of teams in the 30-year history of the league. The Suns finished 17 games out of first place during the regular season. Never had a team so far down reached the final before.

The closest similarity was the 1959 Minneapolis Lakers, who finished 16 games behind the St. Louis Hawks, then made it to the final against the Celtics. Those

were the days when the NBA was a struggling eighth-league league.

Boston, meanwhile, easily won its division title.

Who are the "faceless" Suns, the team that eliminated the Golden State Warriors, the defending champions, in the Western Conference final?

Charlie Scott, whose steal Tuesday night coach Tom Heinsohn called the "key to our victory" over the Cleveland Cavaliers, is Boston's expert on the Suns. He played three years in Phoenix before being traded to Boston at the start of this season.

"They are a great ball-moving team," said Scott yesterday. "They are more mobile than the Cavaliers, very disciplined."

Scott and Jo Jo White, the starting backcourt, teamed for 49 points in the 58-37 victory that eliminated the Cavaliers and put the Celtics in their 14th playoff final. They have won 13 championships.

Scott, 6 feet 6 inches, picked off Charlie Russell's pass intended for Austin Carr and drove to the basket for a stiff shot that put Boston ahead, 88-85, with 1 1/2 minutes left.

For Scott, in his first playoffs and often maligned for defensive weaknesses, it was a dream come true.

"Carr came out to get the ball," he said, explaining the steal. "I was overplaying him and denying him the pass. He was killing us down the stretch. I knew I had to make our lead three points. They couldn't catch up with a basket. It put the pressure on Carr."

The Celtics won the series four games to two. In each Boston victory the Cavs lost their poise in the closing minutes.

"You can't give them a second wind as many times as we did," said the Cavs' Bobby Smith. "When we got them down, we didn't keep 'em down and it cost us. They knew they were playing a damn good team, but they also knew we lacked the killer instinct."

Britain Gains
EASTBOURNE, England, May 21 (UPI)—Britain won the doubles against Romania today to gain an unbeatable 3-0 lead in the European Zone quarterfinal of the Davis Cup.

Roger Taylor and Buster Mottram scored a 6-2, 6-1, 6-4 victory over Dumitru Harauzan and Viorel Marin.

Britain will meet France in the semifinal here July 8-10.

Ashe Gains Challenge Final

HONOLULU, May 21 (AP)—

Arthur Ashe beat Ken Rosewall, 2-6, 6-4, 6-2, last night to move into Sunday's \$100,000 winner-take-all World Championship Tennis Challenge Cup final.

Ashe, who picked up \$50,000 for his victory, will face Ilie Nastase in the final at Hula Stadium, the seaside court on the Kona coast of Hawaii Island.

Rosewall, 41-year-old Australian, beat Ashe in the first set, by forcing the American into numerous errors with some well placed drop shots.

By the end of the second set, Ashe had taken command and rolled in the final two sets, making the Rosewall run all over the match-coached court.

In Nastase, Ashe faces a player he criticized earlier this year for his antics on the court. But Ashe denied there was any more of a rivalry with Nastase than anyone else.

"Rivalries are for the newspapers and magazines," Ashe said. "As far as I'm concerned, I don't care who I play."

Nastase has beaten Rod Laver

twice this week in World Tennis Finals and disposed of Sweden's Bjorn Borg in the first semi-final match last Sunday.

"I was really worried," Ashe said of his slow start last night. "I was very worried because he beat the hell out of me."

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Big Loss Estimated

Ali Not Money in Bank To German Promoters

MUNICH, May 21 (AP)—The Muhammad Ali-Richard Dunn world heavyweight title fight today was turning into one of boxing's major financial busts, with the estimated loss to its German promoters at close to half a million dollars.

A report on ticket sales from the Bavarian State Travel Service, which is handling the fight, here Tuesday morning, was even more pessimistic than figures used by the American co-promoter, Robert Arum of Top Rank Inc.

Arum said that, on the basis of 8,000-7,000 seats sold for the 12,000-seat Olympiahalle, the German fight backers—Promot GMBH—could clear about \$600,000.

"Their net is somewhere over a million," Arum said. "This means that they're a \$400,000 to \$500,000 loser."

But the State Travel Service said only 4,500 to 5,000 seats had been sold.

The bath was an unusual one in the series of fights involving Ali since he won his championship against George Foreman in Zaire in 1974 because the losers were a group of private businessmen.

In Zaire, millions of dollars were spent by the government, but the loss was knowingly incurred and justified as an attempt to publicize the country and as a present from President Mobutu Sese Seko to the Zairean people.

The governments of the Philippines and Malaysia participated in the promotion of Ali's title defenses in Manila and Kuala Lumpur.

Major money losers for private promoters in recent years included Foreman's title defense against Joe Roman in Tokyo. Foreman's fight against Joe Frazier in Kingston, Jamaica, also lost money, but the Jamaican Tourist Board was one of the backers.

The most notorious flop in boxing history was Jack Dempsey's 1923 fight in Shelby, Mont., against Tommy Gibbons, which led to the failure of several banks.

"The Americans like Arum don't take big losses in this one because they make safe money on selling the television rights and don't put much money up front," a source close to the promotion said. "The Germans, who perhaps should have known better, will have to bear it all."

Reports, however, that Promot was also having trouble paying the rent for the arena were denied by Olympiapark GMBH, which owns the Olympiahalle, scene of the 1972 Olympic basketball final.

All was dragged into the mess today when he was asked to announce on the U.S. Armed Forces Network that American military

personnel would be given a 50-percent discount on any tickets, whose prices range from \$12.50 for standing room to \$400 at ringside.

At the same time, the promoters reprinted many 400-mark (\$160) tickets to sell at 100 marks (\$40).

Arum said that the price scale was too ambitious. "But when people think they can make a lot of money, there's a hard to tell them how to lower their sights."

Fred Scher, a spokesman for Promot, said the major problem in ticket sales was poor publicity caused by a two-week national newspaper strike in Germany that ended the day Ali arrived in Munich.

Promot is a mysterious corporation originally capitalized at \$8,000 earlier this year. It arranged the agreement to bring Ali to Munich with a \$150,000 cash deposit in March, then followed this with a \$275,000 letter of credit.

Kiick Will Join Broncos of NFL
DENVER, May 21 (UPI)—Running back Jim Kiick last year with the Memphis Grizzlies of the defunct World Football League, has signed a series of one-year contracts with the Denver Broncos of the National Football League. Kiick officials declined to disclose the terms or number of contracts.

Kiick, before going to the NFL, played seven seasons with Miami. He carried 97 times for 3,644 yards and caught 221 passes for 2,210 yards.

Kiick, 39, scored 23 touchdowns rushing for the Dolphins and three more passing. He played for Miami in three Super Bowls before jumping to Memphis last season.

Two strokes back at 67 was Eddie Pearce, a third-year pro. Bunched at 63 were Gilbert Gilbert, Gary Wink, Howard Twiss, Bill Rogers and Ernie Jones.

Pre-tournament favorite Lee Trevino, twice a winner here, had a 70. South Africa's Gary Player and defending champion Gene Littler were six strokes off the pace at 71.

A Non-Winner Leading in Golf
MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 21 (UPI)—Fred Marti shot a 7-under-par 63 yesterday to take the first-round lead in the \$200,000 Memphis Classic.

Marti's best finish this year was a tie for 12th and he has yet to win in 13 years on the tour.

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